[NUMB. 1887.]

South-Carolina GAZETTE.

THE

THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1772.

New Advertisements.

A CONCERT

Of Vocal and Inſtrumental Muſic,

Will be on Wedneſday the 22d Inſt.

At Mr. PIKE's *Aſſembly-Room.*

☞ Tickets to be had of PETER VALTON.

NEWMAN SWALLOW,

Has for Sale at his Store on the Bay, near the old Vendue-Houſe, for Caſh or ſhort Credit,

OLD Jamaica, Windward-Iſland, and Northward RUM by the Hogſhead, Quarter-Caſk, or ſmaller Quantity.—Old Madera WINE by the Quarter-Caſk or Dozen.—Red Port, Claret, and Frontenac WINES by the Dozen Bottles.—Arrack, Brandy, Geneva, Cherry Bounce, and White-Wine Vinegar. Beſt London Porter in Caſks, and by the Dozen.—Coffee, Chocolate, and Bohea Tea.—Loaf and Muſcovado Sugar.—Tamarinds, Sweet-Meats, Muſtard, Glauber Salts, Starch, coarſe and fine Salt, Mens fine and felt Hats, well cured Salt-petred Hams, Gammons and Flitches, ditto Northward Hams, ſuperfine Philadelphia Flour in Kegs and half Barrels, Milk and Water Bread, imported in the laſt Veſſels.—Raiſins of the Sun, excellent Weſt-India Cordials in Caſes, &c. &c.

JOHN JAMES,

At his Store on Rowand's *Wharf, has juſt imported in the Brig* Charles-Town Packet, Samuel Wright, *Maſter, from*

PHILADELPHIA,

LEWIS's ſuperfine Flour in Barrels, half Barrels and Kegs; Hopkin's Milk, Butter, and Water Bread; double and ſingle Beer in Barrels and half Barrels, Northward Rum in Quarter-Caſks, Cyder, Cyder-Royal, Cheeſe, Boxes of Muſtard, Horſe Collars and Hames, Salt-petred Hams, Cherry Bounce, Spermacæti Candles, Glaſs Ware, &c. &c.

N. B. A few Hogſheads of choice JAMAICA RUM to be ſold cheap.

LOST,

A Plain SILVER WATCH, maker's Name, J. JOHNSON, No. 1849.—The Perſon that has found it, will be handſomely rewarded, on delivering it to the Printer.

THE Subſcriber gives this public Notice, That the Partnerſhip of JERVEY and MILLIGAN was diſſolved by mutual conſent the 10th Inſtant; therefore all thoſe any ways concerned in the ſaid Partnerſhip, are deſired to call on Mr. *William* , at his Store on Mr. Rowand's Wharf, in whoſe Books are lodged to ſettle the ſame.

THOMAS JERVEY.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

EVAN JONES intending to depart the Province early in May next; in order to entitle himſelf to the Benefit of an Act of the General Aſſembly of this Province, commonly called the *Attachment Act*, GIVES NOTICE, That he is ready to appear, anſwer, or file Bail, to any Suit, Summons, or Proceſs that may be iſſued or brought againſt him, in Terms of ſaid Act. *April* 3, 1772.

To be ſold by public Outcry, at the Vendue-Houſe in Charles-Town, on Thurſday the Twenty-third Inſtant, preciſely at 12 *o'Clock at Noon,*

The following LANDS, belonging to the Eſtate of Captain THOMAS WALKER, deceaſed, ſituate in *Colleton Square, viz.*

A LOT containing Seventy-five Feet front, on which there is a ſubſtantial well built Brick Houſe, of two Stories, beſides Garrets and other Conveniencies.

Another LOT fronting the Marſh, on which there is a good three Story Brick Houſe, of two Rooms on a Floor, and proper Offices: And,

A MARSH LOT fronting the laſt mentioned Houſe, well filled up, about 75 Feet in front, and 100 Feet in depth.

The Terms of Sale will be, Twelve Months Credit, paying Intereſt, and giving Security if required.

OATS & RUSSEL.

TO ALL LOVERS OF PSALMODY.

SAMUEL CHANLER, begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he teaches CHURCH MUSIC, in the ſame room where Mr. *Havens* keeps ſchool, in Bedon's-Alley; and as he intends to give due attendance, expects to find encouragement in ſo laudable a deſign, (for certainly nothing is more commendable than in a decent harmonious manner to praiſe God).——He will alſo wait on ladies and gentlemen either at their own houſes or boarding-ſchools, twice a week, teaching all the grounds of PSALMODY in the neweſt method hitherto taught, leaving no part untouched, relating either to tune, time, or concord; and finding each ſcholar a note book. His terms will be made known at entry.

TO BE SOLD,

A Middle aged NEGRO WENCH, who is an excellent Cook, can do any Kind of made Diſhes, Paſtry, &c. alſo waſhes, and gets up Linnen with the greateſt Nicety; her Daughter, a Mulatto about ſix Years old, may be ſold with her.—Enquire of the Printer.

TO BE SOLD,

A Compleat NEGRO WAITING-BOY, who alſo underſtands the Management of Horſes.—His preſent Owner having no Occaſion for him, is the Reaſon of his being diſpoſed of. Enquire of JACOB VALK.

LONDON, JANUARY 14.

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

THE noted *Boaz*, who lately performed at Court, many ſurprizing and wonderful, and amazing and aſtoniſhing Feats, hath at preſent under his Tuition ſeveral Royal and Noble Performers, who have made great Proficiency in the Parts they are learning; and we hear that they will ſoon exhibit a Specimen of their Skill in a large room preparing for that Purpoſe, which is to be called *The Magical Exhibition Room.*

PERFORMERS.

1. His M——y will take two common Walking-Sticks, and with the Breath of his Mouth only will convert one into the Image of *Apollo*, and the other of *Mercury*, who will immediately act the Parts of Secretary of State and Ambaſſador Extraordinary, to the Surprize of all the Spectators.

2. Her M——y will take a Hive full of Bees and place it on a Table, and by only touching it with the Tip of her Fan, the Bees will ſwarm and faſten on *Apollo* and *Mercury*—and their Lips will *not* drop Honey.

3. The Prince of Wales will lay *Homer* and *Milton* on two Damaſk Chairs three Feet apart, and ſtanding between the Chairs will ſtrike *Homer* with a Drumſtick, and change that Poet directly into Engliſh; and ſtriking *Milton* at the ſame with a Fiddleſtick, will tranſlate that Poet into Greek, to the Admiration of all preſent.

4. The Princeſs Dowager of Wales will take in her Right Hand a ſmall Scotch Pebble, and by applying her Lips to it, will turn it into a Statue of Gold; and by giving it a ſingle Embrace, the Statue will be animated into a Man, and "think himſelf an Emperor."

5. The Duke of Cumberland (being returned from abroad on Purpoſe to exhibit, having ſome Time paſt received Inſtructions from Boaz) will take a Lock of white Hair, and by one Stroke of his Finger will change it into a black Bob-Wig; he will alſo take the Letters of the Alphabet written on little Slips of Paper; will put them into a Night-Cap, and by ſhaking them promiſcuouſly together, will produce ſeveral curious Letters, to the great Diverſion of the Company. He will alſo place a Baſon of Water on a Joint-Stool, and by ſtirring it with a Tobacco-Pipe, will cauſe to float on the Water divers human Females in Miniature; he will next take a Graſs-Turf, and by only rubbing it gently over with the Palm of his Hand, will bring to View various Horned Cattle, as natural as Life; to the no ſmall Aſtoniſhment of the Beholders.

6. Lord North will ſeat himſelf in a high Chair, and having a great Number of Puppets ranged on a Table before (who are all to Appearance without Life or Motion) will by ſome inviſible Means put them in Agitation, when they will immediately fill the whole Room with Noiſe and Clamour, and be again ſilenced by his Nod or Wink, to the infinite Meriment of his Lordſhip.

7. Lord Sandwich will ſtand naked upon a Marble Pedeſtal, and by a ſudden *Twitch*, will inſtantly turn himſelf inſide outward, and his Heart will be where his Head ſhould be; and then by a ſecond *Twitch* he will turn himſelf outſide inward, and his Head will be where his Heart ſhould be—to the amazing Tremor of all preſent.

8. The Duke of Grafton will reduce himſelf to the Size of a Pigmy, and mount a Race-Horſe (brought down by the Art of one of the Company to the Standard of a Squirrel) and will ride round the Room full Speed on purpoſe to meet a Coach and Six; he will then catch twelve Bags full of Gold Duſt in his Mouth and eat them; and thoſe wonderful Exploits he will perform *full Speed.*

9. Lord Bute will take a common Bagpipe, and without applying the Pipe to *his* Mouth, or ſqueezing the Bag under *his* Arm, will play ſeveral pathetic Tunes with it, to the great Satisfaction of many of the Auditors.

10. Lord Mansfield will lay ſeveral Balls (ſome *black* and ſome *white*) on a large Piece of Parchment, and will bid any of the Spectators to take one of the Balls between his Thumb and Fore-finger—if he ſhall take a *black* one, his Lordſhip will inſtantly turn it into *white*; if a *white* one, he will a ſuddenly metamorphoſe it into *black*; and this wonderful Performance he will effect only by uttering a few Words.

11. Lord Barrington will take a Soldier's Muſquet without a Lock, and fill the Barrel with Balls, and then ſtop the Muzzle with a Cork; he will lay the Muſquet Sideways on a Stool, and drop a few Grains of particular Powder on the Touch-Hole; this Powder he will kindle with a common Gooſe Quill, when immediately all the Balls will fly out at the Touch-Hole with incredible Velocity, and whizze thro' the Room in various Directions without hurting any of the Company; when the Balls fly out of the Touch-Hole, his Lordſhip will command the Cork to retreat from the Muzzle to the Ceiling, where it will remain for the Space of five Minutes, and then all the Balls will return into the Barrel at the Muzzle, and the Cork immediately drop into its former Place and confine them cloſe; and the Powder which was kindled, will appear again on the Touch-Hole in the ſame State as before it was fired.

N. B. This will be the firſt Exhibition of the Kind in this Kingdom, and is expected to gain great Applauſe.

12. Jerry Dyſon will take a Hobby-Horſe, and beſtride it before all the Company; he will fix his Right Hand on the Head, and his Left on the Tail of the Hobby, and lift up his Horſe and himſelf above four Feet from the Floor, and then float thro' the Air in any Direction the Spectators ſhall command.

P. S. He is thought to be the greateſt Artiſt in this Particular Hobby-Horſemanſhip of any Man in Europe—not excepting himſelf—and if he ſucceeds in this Attempt, he is immediately to be douceured with a Patent-Royal.

Lord Bute, we hear, has conſulted his phyſician with regard to his health, which has of late been wonderfully declining. The Phyſician, like an able practioner, adviſes his Lordſhip to go *abroad*, where he could *breathe much* FREER than in England, the air of which is much *clouded*, and is *hurtful* to *ſome* conſtitutions, eſpecially in winter, *when the Parliament ſits.*

A certain great Lady begins to feel herſelf alſo on the decline, and wiſhes to finiſh her days in her native land.—We hope Lord Bute and her Highneſs will go in the ſame packet-boat.—May the patron ſaints of Scotland be their guide!

It is confidently reported at the Chocolate-houſes at the weſt end of the town, that his Grace the Duke of Graſton loſt his heart on Tueſday night laſt, 40 minutes after ſeven o'clock, at the Opera-houſe in the Haymarket.—N. B. Mademoiſelle Heinel was at that time on the ſtage, dancing her firſt *entré* in the Grand Ballet.

Laſt night a diſpute happened at a certain Chocolate houſe near St. James's, between two gamblers, and they drew their ſwords; when one, to the amazement of all preſent, was ſuddenly ſeized with the rheumatiſm in his right arm, and therefore *could not fight.*

Several frigates, which were upon the point of ſailing to the Scotch coaſt of matrimony, have poſtponed their voyages, and have reſolved to winter in the bay of Celibacy, in expectation that they ſhall have a freſh breeze for the coaſt of Hymen early in the ſummer, without paying ſuch a heavy freight as is now exacted.

It is ſaid, that if the act of excluſion ſhould be obtained againſt the *unborn* poſterity of the Duke of Cumberland, his Serene Highneſs of *Brunſwick* propoſes ſending over his *young ſon* to the Univerſity at *Edinburgh* or *Aberdeen* for education, that, in caſe the ſucceſſion to the Crown of theſe kingdoms ſhould ever *reach* him, he may not be *deficient* in a *ſingle requiſite*, for *conciliating* the *affections* of the good people of *England.*

We are aſſured that the Naturalization bill will be brought into the Houſe in the courſe of next ſeſſions of parliament, as the Jews are firmly perſuaded that no moment can be ſo propitious for obtaining inheritances for their children, as when we are capable of excluding our own natural ſubjects from their birth-right, and their privileges.

JANUARY 16.

The *private* Council for conſidering of, and drawing up, the Speech, have been *privately* ſummoned to meet on Tueſday or Wedneſday next (which is uncertain): But it is thought only the heads of it will be agreed upon at that meeting, and the finiſhing of it reſerved for another opportunty.

It is very certain, that the preſent Chancellor would have been turned out long before this time, could any other be found who had better abilities; but there was none ſuch on all the law-liſt, except Mansfield and Camden: The former refuſed it repeatedly, and the ſentence of the latter was pronounced long ago.

Circular letters are ſent to all the miniſterial members of Parliament who are out of England, or at their reſpective country ſeats, requiring their preſence in London ſome days previous to the meeting of Parliament, in order to receive inſtructions for their conduct concerning ſome important queſtions, which are to be agitated early in the approaching ſeſſion.

All thoughts of a change in adminiſtration are now ſubſided. Lord North, the Duke of Grafton, and Lord Sandwich, with the aſſiſtance of Lord Mansfield, have ſettled all the great operations of the enſuing ſeſſions. No extraordinary ſupplies will be wanted, and it is thought ſome popular ſteps will be taken with reſpect to the taxes upon the neceſſaries of life, and ſome articles of luxury will be duly attended to for ſupplying the deficiency. The Speech is now under conſideration, in which, it is pretty certain, no kind of notice will be taken of two late marriages; nor will they be notified to parliament in any manner whatever. The good underſtanding between us and Spain will afford matter to expatiate on, and their conduct in relinquiſhing Falkland iſland will corroborate the upright intentions of the Court of Madrid. As the money bills have been paſſed in Ireland, with the alterations intended by adminiſtration (the change with reſpect to cottons being a miſtake of the copying Clerk) the oppoſition of parliament is proved to be not ſo formidable, as the Patriots had repreſented it: Nevertheleſs it is believed that Lord Townſhend will be recalled, and that Lord Weymouth will ſucceed him. This is, at leaſt, the language of St. James's, and the Politicians at the Smyrna and Cocoa-tree appear to give credit to it.

To the PRINTER.

"LORD BACON ſays, "Enthuſiaſm is worſe than Atheiſm;" and, in a Prince, ill-directed virtue may be more pernicious to the ſtate than vice. The preſent evils, of every kind of which the nation complains, flow from the blood of an arbitrary Prince, whoſe mind never knew reſtraint, and who conſulted his own will and pleaſure, without regard to the groans and ſufferings of his people. Our evil ſtar guided one of our Princes to an alliance with this deſpotic family. Her huſband's death left the lady in full and abſolute poſſeſſion of her children, whom ſhe trained up to her will, and who carry about them every mark of the blood of that houſe from whence they are deſcended. Though I ſay *they* there is *one*, who, contrary to his education, poſſeſſes a heart turned to religion, virtue, and the love of his country, whoſe only fault has been an exceſs of *filial piety*, from which alone the preſent general diſcontent and univerſal complaints take their riſe. Had he poſſeſſed the looſe ungovernable paſſions of his family, our ſufferings had been leſs than from the exceſs of this amiable virtue. By this he is blinded from his own intereſt, and the public welfare; he ſuffers a guard of *hereditary*, *indefeazable* enemies to his Crown, and the liberty of the country, to be placed by his mother round his Throne. By this the laws of the country have been trampled under foot, the ſacred rights of repreſentation have been violated, and the freedom of the preſs, the palladium of liberty, has been tyrannically attacked; univerſal clamour is heard among the ſpirited; a ſilent diſcontent is found among the peaceable; and a contentious indifference among the lethargic, in every part of the kingdom; and this in the reign of a Prince who mounted the Throne with the principles of a patriot King. Aſk any man you meet, nay, aſk any child that can liſp the words, and he will tell you the ſource of all this is *filial piety*. MODERATOR."

A correſpondent ſays, though the new married pair are *abandoned* by the huſband's relations, they are now taken into the *protection* of the wife's father. Their own revenue is not found ſufficient to ſupport them with a ſplendor equal to their rank, and the hands of Royalty will aſſiſt them nothing!——No matter—the father will not let his child loſe an atom of her dignity.—Ready caſh, indeed, he had not; but lands (in which he is a tenant only for life) can ſupply that deficiency—they have ſo—affectionate father!—He has been this month paſt very buſy with the brokers and inſurance offices; and by ſelling conſiderable annuities, charged on his eſtates for his life, has been able to raiſe the ſum of 10,000l. in ready rhino, for the ſplendid ſupport of his ſon and daughter's *dignity*, into which it is ſettled they are to take a ſhining leap, from their preſent retirement, at the opening of the enſuing ſeſſions.—It was this buſineſs, not that of ſpeculation or traffic in the ſtocks, that brought the Noble Lord of late to Garraway's, and from whence he was ſmoked, as mentioned in the papers, ſome few days ago.

CHARLES-TOWN, APRIL 16.

LAST Friday Morning His Excellency the Governor, commanded the Attendance of the Honourable Commons House of Assembly of this Province, in the Council-Chamber, when he was pleased to dissolve the GENERAL ASSEMBLY by the following SPEECH, viz.

Honourable Gentlemen,

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Commons House of Assembly,

THE present Situation of the Credit of this Province, and the Justice of discharging the long Arrears due to the Creditors of the Public, not appearing to the Commons House of Assembly sufficient Inducements to proceed on Business, on Account of His Majesty's having been pleased to send over to me an Instruction, not to assent to any Bills, raising or granting Money, without a Clause being inserted therein, to prevent any Money being again unconstitutionally applied by any independent Branch of the Legislature; and they having informed me, that they will not submit to such an Instruction, nor misspend their Time in framing Bills, which, for Want of it, must prove abortive. I can see no good Purpose that can accrue by the longer Continuation of the Commons House of Assembly, that have adopted Sentiments which His Majesty considers as unconstitutional and disrespectful; I therefore think proper to dissolve this Assembly, and the General Assembly is accordingly dissolved."

On Monday last put into this Port, in Distress, the Ship Hutson, of Maryland, John Bacon Master, from the Bay of Honduras, bound for London.

The same Day Charles Pryce, Esq; arrived here from Georgia, in the Ship Governor Wright, Captain Hall.

We are informed, that the Hon. William-Henry Drayton, Esq; took the usual Oaths and his Seat at the Council Board here, on Thursday the Second Instant.

It is a Fact, that the Governors of all the French Colonies in the West-Indies have lately received special Orders, not to admit English Vessels into any Ports in their Governments, the *Free* Ports excepted.

The Quantity of RICE exported from hence from the 1st of November last to this Day inclusive, is 70,764½ Tierces.

Charles-Town Price Current,

Of South-Carolina Produce and Manufactures.

By the 100 *Pounds Weight.*		*By the Hundred Weight.*	
RICE,	80s.	Corn Blades,	17l. 10
Turpentine,	17s. 6d.	Hay,	12l. 10
Rozin,	*none*	Rice Straw,	
Flour,	80s. to 90s.	*By the Barrel.*	
Ship Bread,	90s. to 5l.	Pitch,	60s
Hemp, (*besides the bounty*)	8l.	Tar, Green	65s
Flax, undressed	8l.	Tar, Common	45s.
Flax, dressed	28l.	Pork,	18l
Cordage,	22l. 5	Beef,	*none*
Tobacco,	5l. to 6l	Double Beer	12l
Sassafras,	20s	Table ditto	8l
By the Pound.		Small ditto	4l
Indico, Flora,	*none*	*By the Thousand,*	
Indico, Best purple & copper	40s.	Plaistering Laths,	40s.
Indico, Second Sort,	30s.	Staves, White Oak Pipe,	*none*
Indico, Ordinary,	20s.	Staves, Ditto Hogshead,	*none*
Druft Deer-Skins,	14s.	Staves, Ditto Barrel	*none*
Ditto in the Hair,	7s. 6d to 10s.	Staves, Red Oak Hogshead	*none*
Beaver Skins,	20s	Shingles,	6l. 10
Tanned Leather,	3s to 3s 9.	Bricks,	7l.
Sheep's Wool,	2s8	*By the Hundred Feet.*	
Pink & Snake Root,	5s	*Pine* half-inch Boards	40s
Myrtle Wax,	5s.	Three-quarters	40s
Bees Wax,	6s. 3d.	Featheredge	42s 6d.
Butter, in Firkins,	3s8	Inch	45s
Hogs Lard,	2s8	Inch & Quarter	55s
Tallow,	*none.*	Inch & half	70 to 80s
Single refined Sugar	4s8 to 5s.	Two Inch	5l to 7
By the Bushel.		Scantling,	3l. 10s. to 4l.
Indian Corn,	25s.	Timber,	5l. to 10l.
Black-eyed Peaſe,	17s. 6d	*Cypress* half-inch Boards	60s
Red Ditto,	12s6	Three quarters	60s
Irish Potatoes,	*none*	Inch	65s
Spanish Potatoes,	10 s.	Inch & Quarter	70s
Ruff Rice,	17s. 6d.	Inch & half	80s
Ground Nutts,	15s	Inch & 3-4	5l. to 5l 10
Indico Seed,	5l. to 7l.	Two Inch	5l. to 6l
Hemp Seed,	60s.	Scantling	5 l.
Flax Seed,	30s.	Timber,	6l. to 10 l.
Oats,	12s8	*By the Hundred.*	
Lime,	2s to 2s8	Reeds,	20s
By the Hogshead.		*By the Box.*	
Rum, per Gallon	12s8	Soap,	2 s. 6
By the Cord.		Dipt Tallow Candles,	*none*
Red Oak Bark,	10l	Myrtle Wax ditto,	6s. 3
Firewood,	3l. 10s. to 4l.	Mould Ditto,	5s

Timothy's Marine List.

April	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	*From*
9th.	Ship Hero, Anthony Smith,	Cork
	Brigt. Vigilant, John Williamson,	Cork
10th.	Brigt. Charming Jenny, Richard Brewer,	Jamaica
	Ship Ann, James Duncan,	London
11th.	Snow Peggy, William Hastie,	Madera
13th.	Ship Governor Wright, Thomas Hall,	Madera
	Ship Hutton, John Bacon,	Honduras
15th.	Scooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
April	Sailed,	*For*
9th.	Ship Neptune, James Smith,	Cowes
12th.	Ship Sally & Betsy, Francis Stanfell,	Gosport
	Ship Charming Sally, George Fortune,	Cowes
	Brigt. Concord, Joseph Brown,	Cowes
13th.	Brigt. Betsy, Peter Schermerhorn,	New-York
	Brigt. Friendship, Joseph Blewer,	Philadelphia
	Remain bimbound or cleared,	*For*
	Ship Diana, Edward Sciacattuga,	Cadiz
	Ship Russia Merchant, William Clarkson,	Cowes
	Ship Carolina Packet, John Turner,	London
	Ship Providence, Andrew Syverson,	Cowes
	Snow Friendship, Andrew Mackenzie,	Piscataqua
	Snow Nancy, Spence Young,	Lisbon
	Brigt. Waters, Christopher Dixon,	Whitehaven
	Brigt. Betty, George Richardson,	Liverpoole
	Brigt. Dominica-Packet, Eldridge Aris,	Bristol
	Scooner Savannah Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
	Sloop Elizabeth, Henry Tucker,	St. Vincent
	Sloop Expectation, John Atkinson,	Georgia
	Next leaders, as may sail between this and our next.	
	Ship London, Alexander Curling,	London
	Brigt. Dunkirk, John Henderton,	Cowes
	Brigt. Robert & Elizabeth, Breading Boyle,	Lisbon
	Scooner Fanham, Thomas Langan,	Barbados
	Snow Mercury, John Pearce,	Poole
	Sloop Suky & Nancy, Thomas Newbold,	Jamaica

Entered out, and loading, besides the above.

Snow Swift, John Thompson,	Poole
Brigt. Rose, (*late Amy*) Thomas Newell,	Madera
Brigt. Cumberland, Charles Henry,	Barbados
Sloop Nancy, John Earl,	Rhode-Island

Other Vessels in Port.

His Majesty's Ship Mercury, Capt. Robert Keeler,	
Ship Mary, John Spurrier,	Gosport
Snow Nancy, William Chiene,	Cowes
Scooner Greyhound, Alexander Fraser,	Cape-Fear
Scooner Betty, John Young,	
Scooner Comet (Packet) *Capt. Ter. McDonough,*	Jamaica
Sloop Liberty, William McBride,	
Sloop Dispatch, Ephraim Gilbert,	Madeira
Sloop Liberty, John Beck,	St. Kitts
Sloop Ranger, Horace Wood,	St. Kitts

AS any present State of Health will not admit of my continuing the PRINTING BUSINESS any longer, and I propose to decline it on the 1st Day of *May* next, in Favour of Messrs.

Thomas Powell, Edward Hughes, & Co.

with whose Abilities and Inclination (*to conduct and continue the Publication of this* GAZETTE *to general Satisfaction, and to do and dispatch all other Work in every Branch of the Business*) I am perfectly acquainted: So I take this Opportunity to give early Notice thereof; to return my most sincere and hearty Thanks for the generous Support and Encouragement that has been afforded me during the Course of *Thirty-three* Years; and to solicit a Continuance of the Public Favour to the said Messrs. POWELL, HUGHES, & Co. who I have not the least Doubt will use their utmost Endeavours to merit it, and are well provided with Materials and Hands——will have the Advantage of an extensive and well established Correspondence——be *very punctual* in their Publications——regular and *exact* in inserting the Prices Current——continue my *Marine List*——and be particularly careful in *circulating* the Papers.

If the Whole of my past public Conduct has not met with general Approbation, it has been my Misfortune, not the Fault of my Heart: I can truly say, that the Public Good has ever been the chief Object of my Views——my private Interest has often been sacrificed to it——and I still do, and ever shall, love this Country enough, to sacrifice more. If any of my Friends are kind enough to think I have not here advanced too much, and that I am still entitled to some Share of Public Favour, may I flatter myself, that they will now give a Proof of it, by promoting the Interest of my Successors?

March 26, 1772. PETER TIMOTHY.

New Advertisements.

JAMES JUHAN,

HATH removed into the house in *Meeting-street*, lately occupied by Doctor *Fayssoux*, the third below the White-Meeting, where he continues teaching the VIOLIN, GERMAN FLUTE, and GUITTAR, repairing all kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, tuning of HARPSICHORDS, &c.

WHEREAS I am informed, that a certain Piece or TRACT of LAND, containing 250 ACRES, admeasured and laid to JOHN-GEORGE STRICKER in the Year 1735, has been lately offered for Sale, by some dishonest Person who pretends to claim the same: This is therefore to forwarn all Persons whosoever, not to make Purchase thereof from any such pretended Claimant, the sole Right and Title thereto being vested in me. PETER TIMOTHY.

April 9, 1770.

THOSE who have any Demands on the Estate of Mr. GABRIEL STOCK, late of St. *Bartholomew's* Parish, Planter, deceased, are desired to send them in, attested, to

March 18, 1772. ANN STOCK, *Executrix.*

JOHN WEBB,

Has to dispose of, either for Cash, *a short* Credit, *or a good* Bill *of* Exchange *on* LONDON,

A Few Puncheons of exceeding fine JAMAICA RUM, just arrived in the Sloop *Suky* and *Nancy*, Capt. *Newbold*, from *Jamaica*.

THE Subscriber being robbed some Time in July last, about five Miles above *Dorchester*, of *One Hundred and Eighty Six Dollars*, and *Four Seven and Six-penny Pieces*, Monies belonging to, and which he was then carrying for Mr. HENRY FALDER; and as said Robbery was supposed to have been committed by Negroes then run-away, named JACK and DICK, belonging to Mr. *Samuel Hamlin* of *Dorchester*: In order to bring the said Negroes to Justice, I do hereby offer a Reward of FIVE POUNDS to any Person who will apprehend said Negroes and deliver them to the Warden of the Work-house in Charles-Town. ANDREW FREDERICKS.

TO BE SOLD,

By public Outcry, on Tuesday the 28*th Instant, at the new Vendue-House on Mr. Rowand's Wharf, at* 11 *o'Clock in the Forenoon,*

TEN NEGROES belonging to the Estate of EBENEZER SIMMONS, late of Charles-Town, the elder, deceased; some Houshold Furniture and Plate.—The above Negroes are not to be sold for any Fault, the Testator's Will requiring that an equal Division should be made between the Subscriber and his late Brother's Children.—Credit, with Security if required, to be had for Twelve Months, and Interest from the Day of Sale.

JAMES SIMMONS, Executor.

RUN-AWAY from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named MAIDSTONE, about Forty-five Years old, lately purchased at the Sale of Mr. JAMES LE BAS Estate, at *Mouck's Corner*. Whoever delivers him to the Warden of the Work-house in *Charles-Town*, shall receive a Reward of TWENTY POUNDS, with all reasonable Charges, and the like Reward for Proof of his being harboured by Negroes, and ONE HUNDRED POUNDS if by white Persons, to be paid on Conviction.

JAMES SINKLER.

SALES by the Provost-Marshal.

On MONDAY *the* 4*th Day of* MAY *next, will be sold, at public Vendue, at the* VENDUE-HOUSE *in* GEORGE-TOWN,

ABOUT SIXTEEN VALUABLE

PLANTATION NEGROES.

And on TUESDAY *the* 5*th Day of* MAY, *at the Plantation of Mr.* WILLIAM SMITH, *deceased, on* BLACK-RIVER, *about Six Miles from* GEORGE-TOWN,

ALL the Stock of CATTLE, HORSES, HOGS, PLANTATION TOOLS, and FURNITURE:—Late the Property of the said WILLIAM SMITH, deceased, and sold under Execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, *P. M.*

The SALE each Day to begin at Eleven o'Clock, and the Conditions, that the Money shall be paid immediately, and before the Property is altered.

THE BOOKS of ACCOMPTS belonging to JERVEY & MILLIGAN, being in the Hands of the Subscriber:—He earnestly desires all those that are any ways indebted to the said Co-Partnership, to discharge the same immediately, that he may be enabled to settle with the Creditors.

APRIL 15, 1772. WILLIAM MILLIGAN.

TO BE SOLD,

On Wednesday the 29*th Day of April Instant, at Mr.* Fogarty's *Ferry, in St. Thomas's Parish,*

PART of the personal Estate of HENRY GUERIN, deceased, consisting of Houshold and Kitchen Furniture, Plantation Tools, a small Stock of black Cattle, a few working Oxen, some good riding Horses, Carts, &c.

And on Wednesday the 6*th Day of May next, will be sold at Mr.* Levy's *near Charles-Town, the remaining Part of the personal Estate of the said deceased,*

CONSISTING of Twenty-seven valuable SLAVES, mostly Country born, among whom are jobbing Carpenters, Coopers, prime Sawyers, House-Wenches and handy Boys and Girls.

The Conditions of the Sale are, all Sums under 100 l. Currency to be ready Money; and for all above, Credit will be given to the first of January 1773; the Purchaser paying Interest, and giving approved Security.

All Persons having any Demands on the said Deceased, are desired to send them properly attested, to

JOSEPH MAYBANK, Administrator.

Two good FIELD NEGROES,

BELONGING to an Orphan-Child, to be hired out by the Year. Apply to PETER TIMOTHY.

RICHARD HURLSTONE

From LONDON, *and*

CHARLES ROBERTS

From PHILADELPHIA,

HAT-MAKERS,

At the Sign of the HATS *and* BEAVER, *nearly opposite to the* STATE-HOUSE,

MAKE and sell Hats of all Kinds, Sizes and Fashions made in London; and equal in Quality and Neatness to any ever imported, or made in this or any other Province in America.

They also clean and dress Hats in the best Manner.

Country Store-keepers, or others, who take a Quantity, and pay the Cash, will have a good Allowance made them.

They will be much obliged to all that may be pleased to favour them with their Custom, and spare no Pains to give such Satisfaction to their Employers as to induce them to come again.

THE Subscriber, having made some Progress in the Art of making POT and PEARL-ASH, at a considerable Expence, desires all those who may want Instructions for that Purpose, to call on him in *Amelia-Township*, near *Orangeburg*, where they may meet with him, and at the same Time that they may serve themselves, oblige

Their most obedient humble Servant,

JOHN HACKLE.

The ENGLISH HORSE MASK,

WILL cover the ensuing season, at Mr. *Daniel Horry*'s plantation, SANTEE, at THIRTY-FIVE POUNDS currency each MARE, to be paid when the Mares are sent; and if any Mares covered by him this season, prove not with foal, they may be sent the next gratis. HENRY SNYDER.

MASK, was got by young *Babraham*, his Dam by old *Cade*, his grand Dam by old *Partner*, his great grand Dam by *Greyhound*, his great great grand Dam by the *Curwin bay Barb.*

JAMES BOLTON, of Ashepoo, tolls a black MARE, about 12 hands and an half high, branded on the near buttock something resembling like G. LIKEWISE,

A bright bay MARE, with a black mane and tail, about 11 hands high, neither docked or branded; and a COLT with her, about one year old. Apply to

April 3, 1771. THOMAS HUTCHINSON.

MORO,

COVERS this Season at THOMAS FERGUSON, Esqr's. Plantation at *Spoon Savannah*, upon the same Terms he did last Season. Any Gentleman that sent Mares last Year, that did not prove with Foal, may send them this Year gratis.

N. B. Good Care will be taken of the Mares. 6 w.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. EDWARD DEMPSEY, deceased, either by Bond, Book-Debt, or otherwise, are desired to settle the same with the Subscriber, as soon as possible:—And those to whom the said Estate is indebted, are requested to deliver in their Accompts, properly attested, to SAMUEL GREVILLE.

Charles-Town, March 30, 1772.

MR. ROUPELL being returned from viewing the *Barony Lands* upon the *River May*, in *Granville* County, some Time ago advertised by him for Sale, hereby GIVES NOTICE to those who have already agreed with him for their respective Tracts, that he is now ready to make them Titles, any Time before the 20th of May next; also to treat with those who are inclined to become Purchasers of the remaining Lands of the said Barony.

LONDON, JANUARY 13.

From the WHITEHALL EVENING-POST.

TO THE PRINTER.

SIR,

SAGE is a ſovereign vegetable, and of great ſervice both for food and phyſic. Provident nature has here too, as in all her other gifts, furniſhed us not only with an abundance of the ſame ſpecies of plants, but with a great diverſity alſo of the ſame ſort. There are two principal ſpecies of Sage: The Garden, and Wood, or Wild Sage. Of the Garden there are many kinds, ſome of which grow not with us. Our common Garden Sage are, the Broad, White, and Green-leaved; the Red Sage, and our Narrow-leaved ſort, called Sage of Virtue.

Sage is ſo called, *quia ſalvos Homines et incolumes efficat*; Becauſe it can render men ſafe and ſound. Sage deſerves not only the juſt reputation it has been always in of a very wholeſome herb, a common gift, and generally known; but is admirable, ſays Sir William Temple, in conſumptive caſes, with which he cured ſome very deſperate, by a draught every morning of ſpring water with an handful of Sage boiled therein, continued for a month. And he queſtioned not, but that if uſed as tea, it would have at leaſt in all kinds as good an effect upon health, if not of ſo much entertainment to the taſte, being perhaps not ſo agreeable; and he had reaſon to believe, when he was in Holland, that vaſt quantities of Sage were carried to the Indies yearly, as well as of tea brought over from thoſe countries into ours.

Sage flowers in July, and has ripe ſeed in Auguſt, or not long after the time of flowering. But Sage of Virtue, though moſt commonly, and in many places, it yields no ſeed at all, yet in ſome countries, and in ſome years, it does; and ſome bear purple, and ſome white flowers. However, its defect of ſeed is well ſupplied in its increaſe by ſetting ſlips in proper ſeaſons.

As a medicine it is nervous, and proper for all diſorders of the head and nerves from cold cauſes, for palſies, convulſions, and ſpitting of blood. It is good againſt the poiſonous bites of all kinds of venomous animals. It is proper in the plague, and other malignant and peſtilential diſeaſes; in catarrhs and rheumatiſm. It will kill worms in the ears, and in ulcers. Boiled in water it makes good gargariſms for ſore mouths, and proper lotions to waſh certain parts with.

There is a natural camphor lodged in the veſicles of Sage, the warmth of which, haſtily dried, give ſometimes ſome eaſe in pains of the gout, when the leaves are applied upon the part and bound up in flannels. Theſe three ſpecies of plants are common in our gardens. The Green and Red Sages differ no otherwiſe than in the colour of their leaves; the ſeeds of one and the ſame plant produce both. But the ſmall ſort is a diſtinct ſpecies; its leaves are much narrower than thoſe of the other, generally of a whitiſh colour, and never red; moſt of them have at the bottom a piece ſtanding out on each ſide in the form of ears. Both ſorts are moderately warm aromatics, accompanied with a light degree of aſtringency and bitterneſs. The ſmall ſort is the ſtrongeſt, the large moſt agreeable.

The writers on the Materia Medica are full of the virtues of Sage, and derive its name from its ſuppoſed ſalutary qualities; as *Salvia ſalvatrix, natura concilitatrix.*

Its real effects are moderately to warm and ſtrengthen the veſſels; hence in cold phlegmatic habits, it excites appetite, promotes the natural ſecretions, and proves ſerviceable in debilities of the nervous ſyſtem.

The beſt prepartion for theſe purpoſes is a ſimple infuſion of the dried leaves drank as tea; or a tincture, or extract, made with rectified ſpirit, taken in proper doſes: Theſe contain the whole virtue of the Sage; the diſtilled water and eſſential oil only its warmth and aromatic quality, without any thing of its roughneſs or bitterneſs. A green infuſion of its leaves, with the addition of a little lemon juice, proves an uſeful diluting drink in febrile diſorders, of an elegant colour, and ſufficiently acceptable to the palate; in which caſe malt liquors are generally very improper, as turning ropy in the hot ſtomach, cauſing looſeneſs, and encreaſing the fever.

The green leaves are uſually eaten by ſome in the ſpring as a ſallad, with a little vinegar, ſalt, and pepper, with bread and butter; or only laid thereon: So taken it ſtrengthens the ſtomach; expels wind; comforts the bowels; reſiſts poiſon; and is good for ſuch as are dull and drowſy, and troubled with vapours.

JANUARY 17.

Lady Groſvenor is emerging apace into the world again: She has lately appeared in the ſtage-box, at one houſe or the other, about half a ſcore times in leſs than three weeks—Nor is ſhe unnoticed in the circle—even two or three ſqueamiſh women of quality have publicly deigned to bow to her Ladyſhip. She has not, indeed, as yet ventured to tread the chaſte-hallowed ground of the Court; but there are odds, in favour of the bett, that ſhe ſhines again at Court at a no greater diſtance of time than the 18th inſtant, the day of commemorating her Majeſty's birth.

It is remarked, that Cabinet Councils, have been held of late much more frequently than uſual, ſcarcely a day paſſing without one.—We wiſh the ſcripture may not be reverſed in this inſtance, "In a number of Councils there is *no* wiſdom."

A few days ago a highwayman having beſet a coach between Brentford and Turnham green, a gentleman ſaved his gold watch, and a purſe with ſeveral guineas in it, by putting them in a lady's head-dreſs.—This, we believe, is the firſt inſtance of the ridiculous cuſtom of the ladies wearing ſuch towering headdreſſes being of any uſe; what uſe the collectors may make of this hint we do not pretend to determine, but poſſibly ſuch a one as may be the means of *lowering* their tops much ſooner than all the jeſts which have been thrown out againſt them.

At the houſe of one Mrs. Goulding, a ſingle gentlewoman, at Stockwell, in the pariſh of Lambeth, in Surry; about eleven o'clock in the forenoon on Monday laſt, there being no perſon except herſelf and ſervant (Ann Robinſon, aged fifteen years, or thereabouts) ſeveral earthen plates, and one diſh of what is called the Queen's-ware, which were placed on a ſhelf in one of the kitchens, fell down, and all broke except the diſh, without any viſible cauſe; in a little time after ſeveral candleſticks and other things, the furniture of a mantle-piece in the back kitchen, were thrown into the middle of the floor, though no perſon was in that room; then ſome china, &c. on the mantlepiece in the other kitchen, was in like manner thrown into the middle of the floor and broke, and as the pieces lay, they ſnapped and flew juſt as though they had been thrown on an exceeding hot fire; a glazed lanthorn, which hung on the ſtair-caſe, was thrown down; a clock alſo was thrown down and broke; a red earthen pan, containing ſalted beef, flew in pieces, and the beef fell about, and many ſuch like uncommon things happened; which cauſing an alarm, the people from the road, without diſtinction, ran into the houſe, ſome ſuppoſing it to be on fire, others thought the houſe had received a ſhock from the explóſion of a powder-mill at Hounſlow, which was blown up about an hour before. However, all concurred in moving the goods, and Mrs. Goulding, together with her maid ſervant, went to Mr. Greſham's, a gentleman who lives in the next houſe to Mrs. Goulding's, whither the goods were carried, and particularly a tray full of china, an iron bread-baſket japanned, two mahogany waiters, ſeveral bottles of different ſorts of liquors, a gallypot of jelly, and a pier-glaſs worth about five pounds, which glaſs was taken down by one Mr. Saville (a neighbour of Mrs. Goulding) who handed it to one Robert Hames, and a part of the gilt-work on each ſide of the frame flew off before he could put it down in the garden; but when it was laid down, remained without further damage till it was taken into Mr. Greſham's, and put under a ſide-board, where it flew to pieces. Mr. Saville and others, going to drink of a bottle of rum and a bottle of wine, they both flew in pieces, though they were uncorked; the china in the tray flew in pieces, ſome while after it was in the houſe, and the reſt in the garden, whither it was removed by the affrighted ſpectators after it began to break; the bread-baſket was thrown down and broke, as alſo were the two mahogany waiters, and the pot of jelly, together with bottles of liquors and jars of pickles, all of them the property of Mrs. Goulding. Mrs. Goulding, being ill of the fright, was let blood by Mr. Gardener, a ſurgeon of Clapham, who borrowed a pint china bowl of Mr. Greſham's people to receive the blood, which being afterwards ſet upon a ſide-board, near a bottle of rum, the property of Mrs. Goulding, both bottle and bowl jumped on the floor and broke, the bowl going into five pieces (a piece of which is now in the poſſeſſion of Mr. Waterfield at the Royal Oak inn, Vauxhall.) Mrs. Goulding and her ſervant then went to Mr. Maylin's, next door to Mr. Greſham's; but during their ſtay there (which was very ſhort) nothing extraordinary happened; from thence they went to the houſe of farmer Payne (to whoſe wife Mrs. Goulding is related) on Ruſh Common, near the Waſh-Way, about half a mile diſtant from her own houſe, where they found Mr. and Miſs Greſham, Mr. Payne and his family; it being about dinner-time, they all dined with Mr. Payne; ſome time after dinner Mrs. Goulding's ſervant was ſent home to examine into the ſtate of the houſe, and returned with an account that every thing there had been quiet from the time they left it; in a little time after the return of the ſervant, Mr. and Miſs Greſham went home (nothing unaccountable having yet happened at Mr. Payne's) but Mrs. Goulding and her ſervant ſtay'd, and about ſeven o'clock in the evening the ſame kind of uncommon operations, as had been ſeen at Mrs. Goulding's, began at Mr. Payne's, by ſeven pewter diſhes out of eight falling from the top ſhelf over a dreſſer in the kitchen, without any apparent cauſe, which was followed by an infinite number of examples not leſs ſtrange, and particularly the following: A peſtle and mortar jumped from the mantle-piece in the kitchen to the floor, about ſix feet; a row of pewter plates fell from the ſecond ſhelf (over the dreſſer) to the ground, and being taken up, and put one in the other on the dreſſer, which is about three feet high, they were thrown down again, and lay in the ſame manner as plates are generally placed on a ſhelf; the pewter, china, earthen-ware, &c. were then almoſt all ſet upon the floors in the kitchen and parlour (to prevent being broke or bruiſed by falling) but four pewter plates were left on one of the ſhelves over the dreſſer, which plates did not move the whole night. While the things were putting on the ground, a ſtone tea cup jumped out of a beaufet to the floor; on the floor a glaſs tumbler jumped about a foot and a half, and broke; another, that ſtood near it, jumped alſo about the ſame diſtance, but remained whole for ſome hours after, then took another ſpring and broke alſo; a china bowl jumped from the floor in the middle of the parlour, and went behind the feet of a claw-table, which was ſtanding in the ſame parlour, at the diſtance of about eight feet, but did not break at that time, but being replaced by one Mr. Fowler, remained whole for a conſiderable time afterwards, and then flew to pieces; three china cups, which had been left on the dreſſer in the kitchen, flew ſlant wiſe acroſs the kitchen about twelve feet, by which two were broke: An egg flew from the lower ſhelf over the dreſſer, taking the ſame direction as the cups had done, and went nearly the ſame diſtance; there was another egg on the ſhelf, which did not move the whole night: A candleſtick flew from the mantle-piece in the kitchen into the parlour door-way, about ſifteen feet from the place where it ſtood; a tea-kettle under the dreſſer was thrown out about two feet: Another tea-kettle, which ſtood on the ſide of the grate, was thrown off againſt an iron that is fixed to keep the children from the fire; a muſtard-glaſs, which was a little broke by ſome natural accident, was thrown from a table into a pewter-diſh on the floor, at about ſeven feet diſtance, but did not break, neither was it broke afterwards; the cup that had eſcaped when the other two were broke (as is before-mentioned) being ſet on the table in the parlour, flew off to the diſtance of nine feet, and broke; the table then overſet, and threw off a ſilver tankard of Mrs. Goulding's, a candleſtick, and the waiter the tumbler had jumped from; two hams, which had been hung up in the chimney to dry, fell down, though the nail and ſtrings on and by which they had hung were not broke or miſplaced; a caſe-bottle of liquor, part of which they had juſt drank, flew into pieces; and, in ſhort, about four o'clock in the morning of Tueſday, almoſt every thing in the parlour and kitchen were animated, and made ſuch a racket, that Mr. Payne's maid ſervant ran up ſtairs, and took a child out of bed, and carried it into the ſtable naked, thinking it was not ſafe longer to ſtay in the houſe. Mrs. Goulding then ſeeing the general confuſion, went with her ſervant a-croſs the road to Mr. Fowler's (the ſame Mr. Fowler as is before-mentioned in this narrative) and were accompanied by Mrs. Payne and her ſon, about nine years of age, and the confuſion at Mrs. Payne's immediately ceaſed. When Mr. Fowler had let them into his houſe, he proceeded to light a fire in his back-room, which done, he put the candleſtick and candle he had uſed upon a table in his fore-room (through which Mrs. Goulding and her ſervant had paſſed) where alſo ſtood another candleſtick with a tin lamp in it, but they did not ſtand long before they were knocked againſt each other, and thrown to the ground by ſome inviſible agent; then a lanthorn in the back-room, that had been uſed in lighting Mrs. Goulding, &c. acroſs the road, was thrown to the ground; immediately after which a baſket of coals, which were brought from Mr. Payne's, overſet and emptied itſelf upon the floor. Mr. Fowler upon this told Mrs. Goulding, he feared ſhe had been guilty of ſome bad act, as it was plain the cauſe of ſuch wonderful events was carried with her; but Mrs. Goulding anſwered, that her conſcience was clear from any extraordinary evil, and ſhe could not tell the cauſe why ſhe was ſo troubled, or ſuch like words: However, Mr. Fowler deſired her to quit his houſe, as he could not afford to have his goods deſtroyed; whereupon Mrs. Goulding and her ſervant left his houſe, which has been quiet ever ſince, and returned to her own houſe; and, in a little time after their arrival, a caſk with ſome beer in it was thrown from its ſtand, and a pail of water was moved from its place a little, and ſome of the water ſpilled, but nothing more happened: Mrs. Goulding then diſcharged her ſervant, and has remained quiet ever ſince.——*The above extraordinary affair having appeared in moſt of the Engliſh papers, and, like the Bottle-Conjurer and the Cock-Lane Ghoſt, credited by many people, we thought it our duty to preſent it to the public; and ſhould any further particulars tranſpire, concerning the animating powers of the miſtreſs or the maid, we ſhall preſent them to our readers.*

A Letter from a Gentleman of great ſagacity to the Printer.

"Sir, however ſtrange and improbable the late tranſactions at Stockwell may appear, and however ſtrong the public laugh may be againſt them, I aſſure you on the faith of a man who *regards his honour, that they are true.* I was a witneſs of all the latter part of the affair, and will vouch for the authenticity of every circumſtance relating to it as deſcribed in the public papers. But remember, while I venture to ſtake my credit and honour that the *whole did actualy happen*, I am far from being of opinion with the generality of people, that it was effected by force of inviſible agency. Things ſtill more ſurpriſing and improbable than the preſent have happened in the world, and yet, when the myſtery was unravelled, have been found to have ariſen from ſome trifling cauſe, and without a confederacy with ſpirits of devils.

ANECDOTE.

"As Lord Holland was one day paſſing his kitchen, he overheard a ſquabble between his ſon Charles and the cook; and, on enquiry, found that Maſter Charley wanted to p—ſs upon a pig then roaſting for dinner: the indulgent father ruſhed into the kitchen, and reprimanded the cook for refuſing to let the child gratify his humour in that, which he ſaid was of ſo little moment, as the water would run off again, and conſequently the pig be not the worſe; and he actually ſtood by while Charley gratified his whim; then both left the kitchen, laughing together. The cook, a droll wench, to be even with her maſter for invading her territories, &c. when ſhe ſent the pig to table, where much company was to dine, wrote the following lines on a ſlip of paper and put in its mouth, which was taken out by a young gentleman at table, and read to the company.

If ſtrong and rank I ſmell and taſte,
It comes from that which did me baſte;
While roaſting I did fume and hiſs,
A Fox's Cub on me did p—ſs.

Which piece of wit coſt Popinaria her place, an order being immediately iſſued for her diſcharge."

Weekly Liſt of PATRIOTIC PARAGRAPHS.

1. The preſent tranquillity is not owing to a continuation of peace. *A bull by an Iriſh patriot.*

2. We are told, that Lord Shelburne is in great eſteem with his Majeſty, and that he will ſoon occupy a place in adminiſtration: *Iſaac Barré is arrived from Spain.*

3. Lord Townſhend is greatly blamed by the Miniſtry: *For not infuſing common-ſenſe into an Iriſh parliament.*

4. A Right Honourable Earl arrived from Italy went in a chair to Buckingham-houſe: *Iſaac again!*

5. It is much to be wiſhed, that the Iriſh parliament may be copied on this ſide of the water: *There being a great ſcarcity of* BULLS *in this country.*

6. A Cabinet Council was held on Sunday night, at which Lord Shelburne was preſent: *Theſe rogues will* LYE *their patron into office.*

7. Lord Mountmorris has gained great credit: *I feel for his poor credulous tradeſmen.*

8. A negociation is on foot, and the propoſers are Lords Shelburne, Mansfield, and Cheſterfield: *Knavery, chicane and* WIT *muſt ſucceed.*

9. Nothing but feſtivity prevails at Dublin for the late victory *of ſtupidity over common-ſenſe.*

10. The preſent adminiſtration becomes every day more odious and contemptible: *Becauſe they have cut off every hope from oppoſition.*

11. Jeremiah Dyſon has refuſed an Iriſh peerage—*before it was offered to him.*

12. Lord George Germain has deſerted oppoſition.—*His Lordſhip is dextrous at making a* SAFE *retreat.*

13. Some intereſting advices have been received from Madrid. —*At the Bear and Ragged Staff in Change-Alley.*

14. The report of Lord Shelburne's going to Ireland in a public character, is not true. *Alas! poor Ireland!*

15. Lord Hertford is a native of Ireland—*born in England.*

16. Lord Sandwich has tripped up Lord Townſhend's heels. *In a late wreſtling match in the Phœnix park, Dublin.*

17. The proteſt ſigned by the Iriſh Peers gives great ſatisfaction to the lovers of liberty: *It containing juſt the patriotic number of bulls.*

Lyes, this week, beyond par 2.

"WHEN the pious and learned Mr. Whiſton was once in converſe with the Lord Chief Juſtice King, they fell into a Debate about ſigning articles, which they did not believe, for preferment; his Lordſhip pleaded in excuſe for it, that *We muſt not loſe our uſefulneſs for ſcruples.* The good man, who was always ſincere and open, and knew no guile, replied, that he was ſorry to hear his Lordſhip ſay ſo, and deſired to know, whether in their Courts, they allowed of ſuch prevarication or not? His Lordſhip anſwered, They did not allow of it. Upon which Mr. Whiſton ſaid, *Suppoſe God Almighty ſhould be as juſt in the next world, as my Lord Chief Juſtice is in this, where are we then?* To which his Lordſhip made no anſwer."

EPIGRAM.

THIS ſaid, two Kingdoms, pow'rful heretofore,
Two Perſons rule, a Mother and a Wh--re.
Go then, deny, O Deiſts, if you can,
What Paul affirms, * "Woman was made for Man!"
Be thankful, Subjects! ye perhaps, undone,
Without theſe Heads, to Slavery had run:
And you, bleſt States! in which Kings eat and drink
In their own Perſons, but by Proxy think.

* 1 Cor. xi. 9.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

IN THE UPPER HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

THURSDAY *the 9th Day of* APRIL, 1772.

ORDERED, That the following EXTRACTS from the JOURNALS of this HOUSE be printed and made public.

JAMES SIMPSON, *Clerk.*

"TUESDAY the 7th Day of APRIL, 1772.

A MESSAGE from His EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR.

"Honourable Gentlemen,

"*I chearfully embrace this early Opportunity to acquaint you, that I have it particularly in Command from His* MAJESTY *to ſignify to you his entire Approbation of your Conduct and Firmneſs during the Sitting of the laſt Houſe of Aſſembly.*

APRIL 7, 1772. *C. G. MONTAGU.*"

"A MOTION was thereupon made, that a MESSAGE be ſent to His EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR "To return him our Thanks for communicating to us His Majeſty's Gracious Approbation of our Conduct and Firmneſs, during the Sitting of the laſt Aſſembly, and we requeſt that His Excellency will tranſmit, in Order to be laid before the KING, our moſt grateful Acknowledgements for this Inſtance of His Royal Regard to this Houſe, and to aſſure His Majeſty, That we will, on every Occaſion, exert ourſelves in ſhewing every Mark of Affection and Reſpect that is ſo juſtly due to His ſacred Perſon and Government: That we ſhall ever continue ſtradily to oppoſe every Meaſure which may be unparliamentary: And that we ſhall be uniformly reſolute in maintaining and exerciſing thoſe Rights and Privileges which make us a conſtitutional Ballance to the Lower Houſe of Aſſembly."

"ORDERED, That ſuch a Meſſage be ſent to His Excellency, and, That Mr. BURN and Mr. DRAYTON be a Committee to prepare the ſame."

MANSELL & CORBETT,

Have imported in the Ship CAROLINA, *Capt.* MILES LOWLEY, *And in other late Veſſels from* LONDON *and* BRISTOL,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

EUROPEAN *and* EAST-INDIA GOODS,

Moſt of which being bought of the Manufacturers on the very beſt Terms, by Mr. WALTER MANSELL, *(who reſides in* England *for that purpoſe) will be ſold very Cheap, eſpecially for Caſh, or ſhort Credit, at their Store in* Tradd-Street.

Among which are the following ARTICLES,

A Very neat Aſſortment of the moſt faſhionable broad cloths, with ſuitable trimmings; narrow cloths of moſt colours and prices; Bath coating, velvets, hair ſhags, and everlaſtings; plains, ſtrouds, duffil blankets, bed blankets, and bed quilts; an aſſortment of handſome brocades; flowered and plain ſattins; luteſtrings and mantuas, taffaties and perſians; bed furniture of a new taſte, very faſhionable in England, and never before imported; cotton furniture, and furniture checks; cottons, callicoes, and chints; flowered and plain lawns, muſlins, gauzes, Marſeilles quilting, and counterpanes, worſted and ſilk petticoats, cloaks, and cardinals; black feathers for ladies riding hats; japanned waiters, trays, bread baſkets, and candleſticks; japanned and copper tea urns, ditto tea tables, and tea cheſts; yard wide and ſheeting linens; table cloths, tabling linen, and towelling; marble ſlabs and mortars; ſmoke jacks; worſted epaulets for livery ſervants; velvet caps with taſſels and bands; ſaddlery of all ſorts; broad and narrow hoes; rice ſieves; nails of all ſorts; very neat fowling pieces and plantation guns; fifty very neat light muſkets, with bayonets and ſlings complete, as cheap as can be imported; neat buckſkin breeches; ironmongery, hard ware, workmens tools, pewter and tin ware; china and glaſs ware; perfumery; medicines; ſhot, gunpowder; pickles; tobacco; ſpices; feathers; carpets and carpeting, of different ſorts; raiſins, currants, almonds, double and ſingle refined ſugar; black pepper, muſtard; porter in barrels; red port wine in bottles; garden ſeeds; hyſon, green, and bohea tea; mattraſſes; mens faſhionable hats; a neat Italian chaiſe; paints of all ſorts; diſtilled vinegar, and baſket ſalt.

To be LET, *and may be entered upon Immediately:*

A PLANTATION on ASHLEY RIVER, belonging to the Reverend Mr. *Marion*, a very agreeable and elegant Summer Retreat, about Twelve Miles from Charles-Town, by Land or Water; the Road pleaſant, and no Ferries to croſs: There are on the Premiſes, a very good Dwelling-Houſe, Kitchen, Stable, Coach-Houſe, Overſeer's Houſe, two well contrived Aviaries, and every Building neceſſary on a FARM; alſo, a large Orchard and Garden, and Seventy Acres of Land cleared, and free from Stumps and Roots, fit either for Planting, Paſturage, or making Hay; though the Place is moſt proper for a Gentleman's Villa, yet its Vicinity to the Market and many other Advantages, would render it profitable, to an induſtrious Man. For Particulars, apply to ROBERT SMITH.

ALL Perſons indebted to PHILIP HAWKINS, & Co. are requeſted to diſcharge their Accompts; and thoſe who have Demands, to make them known, as they will cloſe the Concerns of that Co-partnerſhip, by *April* next.—Mr. HAWKINS propoſing to go to *England*, at that Time.

The Buſineſs is now carried on under the Firm of

HAWKINS, PETRIE, & Co.

At their STORE in TRADD-STREET,

Who have juſt received by the HEART-OF-OAK, *Capt.* GUNN, *a freſh Cargo of* GOODS, *which with the valuable Stock of the late Company (moſt of which were lately imported) make a very large Aſſortment.*

CONSISTING of all ſorts of Iriſh linens, and ſheetings; lawns; cambricks; muſlins; printed linens; cottons and callicoes; diapers; damaſks, and tablings, of every kind; checks; ſilks; dimities; fuſtians; thickſets; and linen drapery in general; a great quantity of mens and womens ſilk, cotton, thread, and worſted hoſe; ſome of the mens of each ſort very large ſizes; very fine four-thread and ſix-thread breeches pieces, very large ſizes; and a few very good ſilk ditto; a great choice of figured ſilks, quite new patterns; and a few pieces ducapes, all in perfect order; womens and girls ſattin, ſilk, and ſtuff petticoats; with a great many new faſhioned ſaſh and other ribbons; thread, blond, and black laces, &c. &c.

Alſo, Raven duck, and all ſorts of ſail duck; with ſail and ſein twine.

They ſtill keep up a very large aſſortment of nails, locks, hinges, and all building articles; with carpenters and ſmiths tools.

And as their goods are well bought, they will be ſold very cheap, eſpecially for *caſh*, with great allowance as uſual, to thoſe who buy to ſell again.—Any perſon taking a conſiderable quantity, payable by *April* next, ſhall have them as cheap as they could import them.

THOMAS WARING,

HAVING removed to Charles-Town, with Intention of following the COMMISSION BUSINESS, acquaints his Friends and others, who may pleaſe to favour him with the Sale of their Crops, that he has taken a Houſe the upper End of Broad-ſtreet, but to be more convenient to his Buſineſs, he has hired a Room at Meſſrs. Brailsford and Muncreef's Store, in ſaid Street, nearly oppoſite Mr. Roger Smith's, where he deſires all Orders, &c. for him may be left.

STRAYED from Mr. *Blake-Leay White*'s plantation at Santee, the following HORSES, viz. A ſorrel ſtallion, not three years old, with a blaze face, branded on the mounting ſhoulder R E, with an angleberry on the near jaw.

A bright bay mare, a natural pacer, branded on the mounting ſhoulder R K, with a black yearling colt unbranded.

A dark bay mare, branded on the mounting ſhoulder R K, with a bright bay yearling filly, with a white face. The ſtallion and two yearlings are quarter blood. The bay mare and ſtallion have each of them got two bells on.

Whoever delivers the above ſtrays to Mr. *Blake-Leay White* in Charles-Town, or to me at Mr. White's plantation at Santee, ſhall be well rewarded for their trouble.

RICHARD KING.

NOTICE is hereby given, to thoſe indebted to Mrs. MARY BULL, late of *Prince William*'s Pariſh, that they pay their reſpective Debts by the firſt Day of *May* next; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the Deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in, properly atteſted, on or before the ſaid Day, in order that they may be diſcharged.

SALES by the Proveſt-Marſhal.

On THURSDAY *the* 30*th Day of* APRIL *inſtant, will be ſold, at public Vendue, at the new Vendue Houſe on* ROWAND's WHARF, *in* CHARLES-TOWN,

A PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, in *Colleton County*, containing 500 acres, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of the weſternmoſt branch of the forks on the head of *Saltcatcher* River, butting and bounding to the ſouth-weſt on the ſaid branch, and on all other ſides on vacant land at the time of the original grant, dated the 13th day of July, 1737, to *James Roulain*.

LIKEWISE,

ONE other PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, adjoining the above tract, containing 200 acres, and bounded to the eaſtward by James Roulain's land, and on all other ſides on vacant land at the time of the original grant, dated the 13th Day of July, 1766, to Newman Swallow: Late the property of the ſaid *Newman Swallow*, and ſold under execution.

AND ALSO,

A PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, containing 600 acres, ſituate on the north ſide of *Broad* River, granted to John Hitchcock, in the year 1753, by the Governor of North-Carolina, but by the line (dividing the two provinces) lately run, it is found to be in this province, in conſequence of which a memorial of the ſaid grant has been entered in the Auditor's Office:—The ſaid land was lately the property of *Daniel Thomas*, and ſeized and ſold under execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, *P. M.*

CHARLES-TOWN, JANUARY 1, 1772.

JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.

BEG Leave to acquaint their Friends and Cuſtomers, that their Partnerſhip is now diſſolved. And as there is an abſolute Neceſſity that their Affairs be cloſed as ſoon as poſſible, they hope it will ſuit thoſe indebted to them to make ſpeedy Payments. They at the ſame Time gratefully acknowledge the Contenuance and Favour they have met with, ſince they begun Trade: And, as they have now taken JAMES FISHER and JAMES BALLANTINE, into Co-partnerſhip, the Firm of the Houſe is altered to

EDWARDS, FISHER, & Co.

Who ſolicit a Continuance of their Friends Favours.

EDWARDS, FISHER, & Co.

Have imported in the Ships NANCY, *and* HEART-OF-OAK, *from* LONDON, *and the* FAIR-AMERICAN, *from* LIVERPOOLE,

A very Large and complete Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS,

Among a great variety of others, they particularize the following,

A Great variety of faſhionable ſilks; plain and bordered India chints; plain, ſtriped, and flowered muſlins, and gauzes; ſuits of worked muſlins; and choice Bath-bruſſels lace, thread and blond ditto; loom quilting; 6-8th, yard wide, and large counterpanes; feathers in bags; mens and boys faſhionable hats; ſtuff and leather ſhoes; of all ſorts and ſizes; Engliſh and cotch ſaddles; ſingle and double refined ſugar; hyſon, green, and bohea teas; copper plate tiles; ſets of Queen's ware, with ſpare diſhes and plates; Crates, of common yellow ware; long and ſhort pipes; one, two, three, and four gallon jugs, and water pitchers; with beef, ale, cheeſe, potatoes, and coals; which they are determined to ſell on very moderate terms. Thoſe who take a quantity for ready money, or ſhort credit, will have a proper allowance made them.

Charles-Town, October 24, 1771.

NOTICE is hereby given that Meſſrs. TORRANS, & POAUG, of *Charles-Town*, Merchants, have aſſigned all their Debts and Effects to the Subſcribers, in Truſt, for paying out of the Money to ariſe therefrom, ſuch of the Creditors of the ſaid TORRANS & POAUG, as ſhall within Twelve Months from this Day, conſent and agree to receive a Dividend of their Debts, in Average and Proportion, as far as the ſaid Monny will extend, and thereupon to execute general Releaſes of their Demands, againſt the ſaid TORRANS & POAUG.—Their other Creditors are excluded from any Share of the ſaid Money: Therefore, thoſe who are willing to accept Dividends upon the Terms above-mentioned, are deſired to ſignify ſuch Conſent, and to tranſmit their Accounts, duly atteſted, within the Time above limited.

The Bill Creditors of the ſaid TORRANS & POAUG, are deſired to deliver in to the Aſſignees, ſuch Bills of Exchange, as have been returned proteſted, in order that proper Steps may be purſued for their Recovery.

JACOB MOTTE,
WILLIAM LOGAN,
JOHN HUGER,
ALEXANDER MICHIE,
BENJAMIN HUGER,
ALEXANDER ROSE,
} *Aſſignees.*

THE Maſters of ſuch Veſſels as diſcharge their BALLAST at my Wharf, this CROP, may have their Water for filling, and if they load there, ſhall be charged no Wharfage.—GENTLEMEN who order their Crops there conſtantly may depend on never wanting STORAGE.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

For SALE, *by private* CONTRACT,

A PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, in St. BARTHOLOMEW's Pariſh, containing 1039 Acres, butting and bounding on Lands of Doctor *Peter Spence*, the late *Thomas Melvin's*, *Thomas Roberts's*, and Eſtate of *William Middleton*, *James Poſtell's*, and *John Izard*, Eſqrs. about two Miles from JACKSONBOROUGH; as fit for Corn and Indico, as any Tract in the Province, and has a very fine Reſerve of Water, proper for Indico-making, which never dries:—Three Hundred and Twenty Acres thereof, choice Swamp; Two Hundred and Fifty of which, are Tupelo and Cypreſs Land, the major Part well-timbered with Cypreſs; the reſt ſure, good Rice Land, ſome Part thereof being an additional Purchaſe.—Thereon are, a good Dwelling-Houſe and Barn, with Brick Chimnies, Stables for ten Horſes, with a Carriage-Houſe that will hold three Carriages, and every other Building neceſſary upon a Plantation; the whole in good Order, and well fenced:—It's Paſture is not excelled by any. The Purchaſer may have a Year's Credit, paying Intereſt. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may treat with ROBERT WELLS, or

[t.f.] GODIN GUERARD.

JAMES M'CALL,

Has juſt imported in the Ship CAROLINA, *Captain* LOWLEY, *from* LONDON,

MENS, womens, youths, boys, and childrens ſtockings, of all prices; a great variety of freſh garden and bird ſeeds; peaſe, and beans; cinamon, mace, cloves, and nutmegs; black pepper, race, ginger, almonds, raiſins, and currants; ſuperfine ſallad oil; pickles; beſt Durham flower of muſtard; fine baſket ſalt, for table uſe; fig blue, Poland ſtarch; plain, violet, roſe, Poland, and civet hair powder; machines, boxes, and ſilk puffs; pinching and tupee irons; horn, bone, box, ivory, and tortoiſe ſhell combs; ſoap boxes and bruſhes; marble, and chemical waſh-balls, and boxes; pomatum, ladies court plaiſter, teeth powder, and bruſhes, with ſponges; lip ſalve; blacking balls; beſt Strongwater ſnuff, Weſton's low and high toaſt ditto; family medicines, and confectionary; variety of [illegible] pretty; bobbing, London pins and needles, threads, ſewing ſilks, ferrits, and bindings; ſhirt, waiſtcoat, horn, mould, and other buttons; ſilk garters; black Barcelona cravats, and ſilk purſes; mops, brooms, bruſhes, and ſcives; cheſt, box, pad, and ſtock locks; with a variety of cutlery, and ironmongery; regimental drums, violins, fiddle ſtrings and baſes; Holland battledores and ſhuttle cocks; naked, and dreſſed dolls, ſome very neat in the preſent taſte; neat canes, with handſome gilt heads; mens patent ſilk hoſe; neſts of black, guilt, flat, and caravan trunks; youths and boys leather caps; chamber, and globe lamps; tumblers and decanters; quarto, and Dutch poſt; gilt, and black edge ditto; pot, crown, demy, fools-cap, wrapping, royal, purple, light, blue, bloſſom, and cartridge paper; royal paſte boards; Dutch quills, and ready made pens; pen engines, and paper prickers; black and red lead pencils; black and red ſealing wax; black and red wafers; inkpowder, ſtands, and ſand boxes; ſlates, and pencils; New-England primiers, horn, ſpelling, picture, jeſt, drawing, and writing books; neweſt comedies and tragedies; ſmall neat pictures, in round and oval frames, ſuitable for chambers; humourous watch prints, impenetrable ſecret, oracle, companion for the fire ſide; cheats of London expoſed, &c. &c. compting-houſe files, and laces; complete ſets books, bound in calf; and claſped Morocco pocket books, with, and without inſtruments; Aſſes ſkin and ivory memorandum books; ladies ſmall ſciſſars and caſes; ditto, pearl and green handle pocket knives, &c. F, F and battle gunpowder, ſhot, and bullets; ſalt-petre, *&c. &c. &c.*

In the laſt VESSELS *from* PHILADELPHIA,

Freſh BREAD, and ſuperfine FLOUR; variety of ALMANACKS, for the preſent year, and fitted to this latitude; choice firkin BUTTER, TALLOW, *&c.*

To be SOLD,

A Tract of LAND on SANTEE River, containing about One Thouſand ACRES of Tide Swamp, with ſufficient Pine Land, convenient for four Settlements, being near the Sea, tis ſcarce ever affected by the Freſhes, and never by Salt Water.

A Tract of Three Thouſand ACRES, on PEDEE, called *Abercrombie's big Tract*, almoſt the whole of which is fine Indico Land, and indiſputably the beſt Piece of Land on that River.

ALSO a TRACT on which Capt. SNOW lately lived, containing Eight Hundred Acres, being a moſt excellent Indico Plantation. Apply to THOMAS LYNCH.

SUPPOSED to have loſt himſelf at the dividing road near ſerjeant *Campbell*'s, on his way to my plantation at the *Congarees*, about the firſt of February laſt, a negro man, named

ROGER,

Who can ſpeak tolerable good Engliſh, and has been in this province eight or ten years; he lately belonged to Mrs. MARY BULL, of Prince William's pariſh, deceaſed. Any perſon who will deliver him to Col. WILLIAM THOMSON, at the *Congarees*, or to me in *Charles-Town*, ſhall be well rewarded.

MILES BREWTON.

THE Subſcriber has juſt imported, a great Variety of beſt ſuperfine Broad Cloths, Bath Coating, &c. with ſuitable Trimmings.—His Cuſtomers may depend on having their Work faithfully done, and on the ſhorteſt Notice.

JOHN WARD, TAYLOR.

THE Subſcriber having ſuffered conſiderably, by the frequent Elopements of his NEGRO-FELLOW BLUFF, Gives this public Notice, that he is determined to proſecute all Perſons who harbour or entertain the ſaid Fellow after this Notice.

APRIL 8, 1772. BRIAN FOSKEY.

ALL Perſons who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of WILLIAM JOHNSON, a free Negro, deceaſed, are deſired forthwith to bring in their Accompts, properly atteſted, to THOMAS HUTCHINSON.

WILLIAM WEBB of Aſhepoo, tolls a grey mare, about 13 hands and a half high, branded on the ſhoulder A.

One other grey mare about the ſame height, branded on the ſhoulder C, with a ſtroke down it.

A cheſnut ſorrel, with a blaze down the forehead, and branded on the ſhoulder R. G.

The owners of the above ſtrays may prove their property before THOMAS HUTCHINSON.

THE Poſſeſſors of LUCKY NUMBERS, in the *Land* and *Caſh Lottery*, drawn at DOVER in the County of KENT, on DELAWARE, are deſired to call on

JOHN BREWTON.

CHARLES-TOWN, APRIL 2 1772.

AGREEABLE to the Directions of an Act of the General Aſſembly of this Province, intituled, "An "ACT, to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies, to be at SIX POUNDS and FIVE SHILLINGS per Hundred lb Weight, and *Carolina* Flour at FOUR POUNDS and FIVE SHILLINGS (being both uſed by the Bakers); at which Price the HALF CROWN Loaves muſt weigh as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dr.
WHITE,	1	11	8
WHEATEN,	2	9	4
HOUSHOLD,	3	7	0

Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dr.
WHITE,	2	6	0
WHEATEN,	3	9	0
HOUSHOLD,	4	12	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due Notice.

GEORGE SHEED, *Commiſſary-General.*

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by P. TIMOTHY.

SUPPLEMENT to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1887.] THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1772.

A Letter from Sir ROBERT TALBOT *to Sir* CHARLES G——, *containing particulars of the Girls who are filed at* Paris *Ladies of the World, the discredit of the conjugal state in that Capital, &c.*

[From Sir Robert Talbot's Letters on the French Nation.]

I SHALL not write here, my dear Charles, than with us. There are Pollys, Fannys, Kittys, who ruin cullies, and afflict virtuous women: and these creatures are not only suffered, but also enjoy a particular protection, if they only deign to enlist themselves in some of the public entertainments. Their houses and their expences are in so high a style, that a very great, powerful, and wealthy Nobleman, having heard the conditions that were offered him by her with whom he had a fancy to treat, withdrew, telling her, that he was not rich enough to be her gallant. There is one of them who surpasses all that we have heard of the Lais's, the Phrynes, and the Floras. She could, like Rhodope, have built pyramids with the profits of her lewdness, if pyramids had been the mode in France. You will observe that here, as with us, those women are sprung from the dregs of the people, and on all accounts are objects of contempt. One of them who was endeavouring to ruin a Financer, and whom his incredible wealth had emboldened to despise the protection of the Opera, was one day abandoned to the interest of the relations of her cully, who prevailed on the Lieutenant-General of the Police of this capital to assist them with his authority to recover some of the spoils of their kinsman. The Magistrate summoned the girl to appear before him. She thought it very amazing, that a woman of her rank should be treated like a common strumpet. However, as she suspected that the managers of the Opera would leave her to extricate herself from this difficulty as well as she could, she threw herself in dishabille into her magnificent chariot, and condescended to appear before the Magistrate. The audience was not long. She allowed that she had cost her Financer several millions, and that, besides jewels, and furniture of all kinds, she had still in her pocket-book seven hundred thousand livres of his in good notes. "Take your choice, said the Judge to her, either to restore those notes to the family, who give you up the rest, or to make your retreat to the Hospital." * The jade had the assurance to complain of injustice, and to alledge her privileges. The Magistrate was inflexible: and on her refusal, he ordered the magnificent chariot to convey the Lady to the hospital. "I know, she said, with haughtiness, how far your authority extends. You must, in spite of you, restore me my liberty in three months: and 700,000 livers are a sufficient recompence for a retreat of three months. She departed. She alighted at the Hospital. She supported with heroic courage the change of her rich India gown for a coarse stuff sack. But her firmness forsook her at the sight of some dreadful scissars which were to cut off her hair, "Stop, she cried, rather than consent to lose my hair, I would turn all the notes of the farms into curling-papers." She threw down her pocket-book, resumed her gown, re-entered her chariot, returned to her house, and in the evening, received the visits and applauses of lovers of the highest rank.

Marriage is too little encouraged here, because they who are called Men of Gallantry are a little ashamed of being false to it. A man, who blushing at his infidelity to a beautiful and virtuous wife, should think himself obliged to withdraw with the criminal object of his attachment, and to go and conceal his libertinism and bad taste among foreigners, would be charged with a weakness or folly. "London," *you say*, "still talks of the disgraceful and foolish enterprize of the Lord your relation: and you think that twenty years of wisdom will scarce be sufficient to obtain his pardon." This does honour to our morals. I love to discover in us some real superiority over our neighbours.

A man of quality here insults his wife with still more gaity, and, at most, serves only for the talk of a day. My lady uses reprisals, and my Lord allows that these are things of course. I know a man of the first rank, who entered his wife's chamber some time ago without warning. He found her at an employment, at which she could have wished to have been seen by any one else rather than by him. She was confused, and expressed her confusion. But he interrupted her with warmth: "Yes, said he, you ought to be ashamed of your imprudence. What would have become of you in the world, if any one else had thus surprised you?" This said, he withdrew, carefully shutting the door after him.

People of fashion think this relaxation of the strongest tye of men in society, of no consequence. Men of sense do not scruple to presage from it the total ruin of the nation, if things are neglected to be re-established on the basis of morals and religion, if time is given for the contagion to spread, as that of luxury and parade have done, among all ranks of people. The system of dissipation, of which young Miss has an idea given her before marriage, or which young Madam does not delay after the ceremony to adopt, gives those solid men who have antiquated notions of it a distaste for the nuptial union. They devote themselves to celibacy; and the finest branches of the French nobility thus wither and die without leaving shoots. Paternal tenderness consumes away, and among others it is extinguished in proportion as the paternity becomes doubtful; and domestic œconomy, ambition, the love of glory, having no longer their strong hold on the heart of a man of birth, he gives himself up to all his pleasures, to all his tastes, without reserve; he considers as a weakness the idea of imposing on himself the least restraint through a regard for his posterity; he thinks himself born only for enjoyment; he deems it a favour to his heirs to leave them any thing; he dies, as he has lived, in a total indifference about them.

For the contempt into which marriage is sunk in this capital, the two sexes, if I mistake not, are pretty nearly alike blameable. *Monsieur* is a man of fashion, engrossed by Jeziy and all its attendants. *Madame* is devoured with curiosity about Paris, the Court, and the world, of which she has heard so much said in her convent. Both of them, when they are alone together, have their minds elsewhere, and are mutually tired of each other. Lest hatred should ensue, they tacitly agree not to meet. Both chuse their separate company and connections; soon they forget that they owe each other any thing more than complaisance. They entered into their union with no serious idea of its pains, of its pleasures, of their duties. They signed the contract as at a market, where both observed only their respective advantages. The husband thought that all was over, when he received the fortune. The wife imagined that every thing was performed, when she saw her wardrobe, her jewels, and her equipage, such as had been promised her. The bridegroom's temper having very soon blazed forth, the young wife, whose heart is not of the party, disdains to be obliging. She is afraid of giving her Sultan an advantage over her, by appearing susceptible of tenderness for his person. He who cannot be withheld from pleasure and amusement, seeks to divert and amuse himself abroad. She thinks herself neglected, she studies to be revenged, and the flatteries of some galants by profession soon furnish her with means. The husband is persuaded that the deviations of his wife will justify his; and instead of being her censor, he sometimes goes so far as to be her accomplice.

If I could suspect you, my dear Charles, of seeing nothing in Lady Anne but her great fortune and her enchanting figure, I believe, I should be capable of telling a lye, to prevent her from distinguishing you from other persons of your rank.—Among all the dissipated French of whom I have been discoursing, I have not found one who was contented. On the contrary, the few well matched who adhere to the ancient manners, and who have had the judicious firmness necessary to confine their wives to them, live honourably, and have reason to be satisfied with their lot. Good husbands, in spite of the fashion, they are good fathers; and they never think themselves happier than in the bosom of their family. Domestic œconomy and ambition agreeably employ them. They taste the soothing pleasure of not dying wholly. How great soever depravity may be, an inward consciousness of our duties still remains at the bottom of our hearts; and there is no true respect in society, even in the opinion of the most corrupt, but for the virtuous man, who performs those duties with gentility and ease.

* A house which answers to our Bridewell, all beggars, dissolute persons, &c. being sent to it. The sick are taken care of, and the others by are obliged to work.

ANECDOTES on PORTUGAL.

THE Portuguese Clergy are just now, in general, a race of the most despicable and illiterate wretches that the earth supports; they are acquainted with neither science nor language, and so surprisingly stupid, that not many years ago, one of them entered the kitchen of an Irish publican, and beholding a piece of meat go round by the motion of a smoak-jack, concluded the landlord dealt with the devil, complained to the inquisition, and the poor man was confined for some years.

The horrors of the Romish religion, the only one tolerated, are now almost extinguished there, by moderating the penalties of the inquisition, a tribunal disgraceful to human nature; but, though disused, it is not totally abrogated; only, the Ecclesiastics and their officers can carry no sentence into execution without the royal authority (*i. e.* without leave from the Marquis de Pournell) or rather the power is taken out of the hands of merciless Ecclesiastics, and converted to a state trap for the benefit of the Crown.

The Portuguese are not so tall, though rather better shaped than the Spaniards, whose habits and customs they do not now imitate so much as those of the English and French. Their ladies are thin, and but small of stature; their complexion not so fair as the ladies of the northern climates; their hair and eyes are black and expressive, and their features generally very regular. They are generous, good-natured, and witty; walk very slow and gracefully. They are taught from their infancy to exact from their servants an homage, that in other countries is paid only to royal personages. A Portuguese is by some Priest, or Monk, taught to read his mother tongue: He learns to dance (*i. e.* to walk a minuet) fence and ride by the masters of those sciences, as also to say his prayers in a language he does not understand; he becomes a complete connoisseur in dressing hair, and in adorning his own person. The present dress of a Portuguese Cascilha, or Petit-maitre, is a yellow coat lined with blue satin, a white embroidered satin waistcoat, made very short, yellow satin breeches made as wide as the brogue of a Dutch skipper, excepting about the knees, where they are made very tight, white silk stockings, but first immerged in a blueish water, and gold clocks, a pair of shoes with red heels, buckled upon the toe; his hair is gracefully adorned, which contains at least six ounces of soft pomatum, and from one to two pounds of powder, made up in a long queue, about sixteen inches in diameter, where the cockade is tied, his hat in the smartest military cock; his face painted, and his whole vesture sprinkled with scented water.

The furniture of the houses of the Pidalgos is rich and superb to excess, and they maintain an incredible number of half-starved domestics, as they seldom discharge any who survive, after having served their ancestors. The poorer sort have no furniture at all, for they, in imitation of the Moors, sit always cross-legged on the ground.

An English lady residing at Lisbon, remarkable for her learning and wit, says, "The Portuguese are peacocks in the streets, slovens in their own houses, gluttons at other men's tables, and thieves and dunces from their cradles." Certain it is, that if a stranger invites a Portuguese to dine with him, he fasts from the hour of invitation to the appointed time; and when he sits down to dinner, he first pulls off his coat, then puts on his night-cap, and very frequently a pair of large spectacles, turns up the sleeves of his shirt, and with his fingres destroys a large quantity of meat, drinking moderately of either porter or water. During the repast, they observe a profound silence, (though, at other times very loquacious) unless they now and then find an interval to praise the various dishes, by saying, *Isso Senhor, he O meo mayor regalo*, and when they have done, never forget to return thanks with, *Nada mais, viva V. M. muitos annos, ja comi agora pasante.*

Lord T——y said of the Portuguese, when there, "That he only knew two gentlemen in the kingdom, viz. the French Ambassador, and Friar Austin of the English nunnery."

Every person in Portugal wears a sword, and the lower class are never seen without their capora, or cloak, though the hottest day in summer; in short, a real Portuguese will sooner part with his religion, than his sword, hair, or cloak.

For RHODE-ISLAND,

(To sail by the first of May next)

The Sloop NANCY,

JOHN EARL, Master.

FOR Freight or Passage, (having exceeding good Accommodations) apply to said Master on board, at Col. Gale's Wharf.

Lately published,

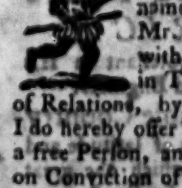
And to be SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE in *Broad-Street*,

TRANSACTIONS OF THE *American Philosophical Society* HELD AT PHILADELPHIA, FOR Promoting USEFUL KNOWLEDGE,

VOL. I. FROM JANUARY 1, 1769, TO JANUARY 1, 1771.

PRICE, HALF A GUINEA.

To be SOLD *by* PRIVATE CONTRACT,



THE HOUSE and LAND in CHARLES-TOWN, where the Subscriber resides; containing about One Hundred and Seventy-seven Feet Front on *Church-Street*, and about One Hundred and Twenty-one Feet Front on *Queen-Street*.

As great Part of the above LAND may be divided from the House and Out-Buildings, and leave sufficient Room for every Convenience, it will be disposed of together, or in seperate LOTS, viz. The Corner Lot on which the House and Offices are, front about One Hundred and Seven Feet on *Church-Street*, and Eighty-one Feet on *Queen-Street*; a Lot in *Church-Street*, Seventy Feet Front, and about One Hundred Feet deep, which might be divided into two commodious Lots; and another Lot in *Queen-Street*, Forty Feet Front, and about Ninety-five Feet deep. Apply to

THOMAS-LOUGTON SMITH.

To be SOLD at private Contract,

A PLANTAION at the Round O, lately bought of Benjamin Elliott, Esq; containing upwards of two thousand two hundred Acres, with a good Dwelling-House, Barn, a Machine that works twelve Pestles, and a House over it, with every other convenient Building almost new.——There is a sufficient Quantity of Rice Land to have two large Rice Plantations, and not exceeding three Miles to a Landing, not more than Thirty-six Miles to Charles-Town.——As the Fertility of this Land is well known, it would be needless to give a pompous Description thereof.

LIKEWISE,

A PLANTATION, formerly advertised, at Saltetchert, in St. Bartholomew's Parish, containing one thousand Acres, near six hundred of this is prime Rice Land. Whoever inclines to become a Purchaser, of both, or either of the above Plantations, may treat at the Round O, with

6 w. THOMAS JONES.

JONATHAN COOKE, intending to depart the Province for EUROPE, in the Charles-Town Packet, Capt. Turner, GIVES THIS PUBLIC NOTICE THEREOF, and that he is ready and willing to give Bail to any Suit or Summons, that can or may be brought against him, agreeable to the *Attachment Act*.

CHARLES-TOWN, JANUARY 23, 1772.

ABSENTED herself from my Service about a Fortnight ago, a NEGRO WENCH named BETTY, whom I lately purchased from Mr. *John Rose*; she is a slim made little Wench with a sour look, artful and sensible, well known in Town and Country, having a numerous Stock of Relations, by some of whom I suppose she is secreted; and I do hereby offer a Reward of TWENTY POUNDS to a free Person, and TEN POUNDS to a Slave, to be paid on Conviction of the Offender, upon Information by whom she is harboured; and if she should be harboured by a white Person, double of the above Reward will be given to the Informer, being determined to spare no Expence in prosecuting such Pests to Society.

If she returns to me of her own Accord, within ten Days from the Date of this Advertisement, her Offence will be forgiven.

BRIAN CAPE.

WENT off about the first of *December* last, from the Subscriber's Plantation, on *Alteppo Great Swamp*, two NEGRO MEN, of the *Ebo* or *Calabar* Country, named SPRING and MAY:——They both had on white Negro Cloth Jackets, Breeches, and Robbins; neither of them could speak much English. SPRING is a likely active Fellow, of a black Complexion, about 22 Years of Age, five Feet nine Inches high, with lively Eyes. MAY is a likely black Fellow, about 22 Years of Age, five Feet five Inches high, small featured with a small Beard on his Chin.

It is suspected that the said NEGROES are carried off by some Villains, about the *Saltketcher's*, and harboured or disposed of in the back Country, or *Georgia*.

Whoever will deliver said Negroes to the Subscriber in *Charles-Town*, or at his Plantation on *Alteppo*, shall receive a Reward of *Ten Dollars* for each, with all reasonable Charges; and whoever will give Information of their being harboured, shall receive, upon Conviction of the Offender, if a white Person, FIFTY POUNDS, and if by a Negro, TWENTY POUNDS, from

JOHN WARD.

CHARNOCK & HOGG,

Have removed from ST. MICHAEL'S ALLEY, *into* BROAD-STREET, *near the* EXCHANGE,

AND HAVE FOR SALE,

MADERA, CLARET, LISBON, and fine old DRY MOUNTAIN WINES, by the Dozen Bottles, or Cask; JAMAICA, WEST-INDIA, and NORTHWARD RUM, by the above Gallons, or greater Quantity: Which they will dispose of cheap for Cash, or short Credit; and will esteem themselves much obliged to those who are pleased to favour them with their Commands. [12 w.]

CHEAP LOTS.

MR. LOWNDES has divided the Front of his LANDS UP THE PATH, containing 2000 feet on the Weſt ſide of the Broad-road into *LOTS* of *ſeventy-five* feet front on the ſaid road, and *two hundred* feet in depth; which he will diſpoſe of on very reaſonable terms: And has ſettled a plan of diviſion of the ſaid land, ſo as give an entrance and communication, by various ſtreets, to his *HOUSE* ſituate on part of the ſaid land, very advantageouſly and ornamentally adapted.

THE SAID HOUSE

IS an Excellent good one, built of the beſt cypreſs and finiſhed in a good taſte; one acre of ground will be allotted to it, which will have the advanage of two fronts; and the houſe will, beſides, face a wide ſtreet leading directly up to it from the broad road. This will be ſold a great bargain, and the terms of payment made agreeable to the purchaſer.

Several of the *LOTS* are already beſpoke, and thoſe who firſt apply will have the choice of what remain. Enquire of

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Intending to decline the PLANTING BUSINESS, *in a great Meaſure, on Account of his bad State of Health,*

Will SELL, by private Contract,

A Valuable PLANTATION, on the Weſt Side of *Salteatcher* River containing 1000 Acres, near one half of which is extraordinary good Swamp, timbered with Cypreſs, Tupelo, Maple, &c. upwards of 100 Acres of the ſaid Swamp, is already cleared, and may with a very little Labour, have Water let on and off occaſionally in the drieſt Seaſons, and at the ſame Time, be ſecure from the higheſt Inundations.

A L S O,

A TRACT of LAND on *Combahee* River, containing about 200 Acres, moſt commodiouſly ſituated, being Bluff on the ſaid River, which is Freſh-Water, and within Sight of the River commonly called BULLS, which is ſalt, and abounds with Fiſh and extellent Oyſters, that are eaſily come at by Means of a ſhort Canal, cut through the Marſh from *River* to *River*:—This Plantation is exceedingly well-adapted to the Culture of *Indico*, which has for ſeveral Years been very ſucceſsfully manufactured there.

A Tract of LAND alſo on *Black* Creek, a Branch of the *Salteatcher*, containing 300 Acres.——Any Perſon inclined to treat for the above Lands, may apply oppoſite to Mr. THOMAS LEGARE, jun. in *King-Street*, to

[c.t.f.] JOHN HUNT.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION at *Stono*, poſſeſſed formerly by Mrs. Penfold, containing Five Hundred Acres, adjoining Lands of Thomas Farr, ſenior, Archibald Stanyarne, and Joſeph Smith, Eſqrs. One Hundred Acres is good Rice Land, the Remainder fit for Indigo and Corn; there is, a good Dwelling-Houſe, Barn, and other convenient Buildings on the ſaid Plantation; and its Diſtance from Stono Landing, doth not exceed a Mile.—Whoever is inclinable to purchaſe the above Plantation, muſt apply to ALEXANDER HARVEY.

THE Subſcriber's ill State of Health not permitting him to follow his Buſineſs with that Attention which is neceſſary; will ſell upon reaſonable Terms, his large and well-aſſorted Stock of GOODS, to any one taking the whole; Three fourths of which are imported within this Eight Months. ANDREW RUTLEDGE.

PROPOSALS

FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

A MAP of the INTERIOR PARTS OF *NORTH-AMERICA.*

By THOMAS HUTCHINS, Lieutenant in His Majeſty's Royal American Regiment, and Engineer.

THIS MAP comprehends the whole Country that lies between the 36th and 47th degrees of latitude and the 79th and 94th degrees of longitude; in which the great rivers of Miſſiſippi and Ohio, with the numerous ſmaller ſtreams, which empty into them, as well as the Lakes Erie, Huron and Michigan, are accurately delineated; every conſiderable town of the various Indian Nations, who inhabit theſe regions, with the extent of their reſpective claims, are alſo particularly pointed out.

This MAP contains an extent of more than eight hundred miles in length, and nearly ſeven hundred in breadth, which is not excelled, hardly equalled by any country on the face of the earth for its beauty and the fertility of its ſoil, and which muſt ſoon become a moſt important and very intereſting part of the Britiſh empire in America.—The Author aſſures the Public, that a great part of the country and moſt of the rivers and lakes are laid down from ſurveys, corrected by the obſervation of Latitudes, carefully executed by himſelf, on the campaigns he had the honour of ſerving during the whole of the laſt war, and the department he has been conſtantly employed in ſince the final treaty with the weſtern and northern Indians in 1764.

This MAP, which is delineated on a ſcale of twenty miles to an inch, ſhall be neatly engraved, and accompanied with an analyſis, or a particular deſcription of the face of the country, its lakes, rivers, timber, ſoil and climate.—The whole to be ready for delivery as ſoon as the Subſcribers amount to a number adequate to defray the unavoidable expence of the publication.

As the Author has been particularly requeſted by a number of gentlemen to undertake and publiſh this MAP, and one hundred ſubſcribers are already engaged, he wiſhes, for the purpoſe of more ſpeedily accompliſhing the deſign (and as the work is meant and intended for the general benefit, and information of His Majeſty's good ſubjects) that thoſe in SOUTH-CAROLINA who may think proper to encourage it, will as ſoon as poſſible, ſend their names to PETER TIMOTHY, Printer in *Charles-Town.*

CARNE & POINSETT,

Have imported in the laſt Ships from LONDON,

A Very large and general Aſſortment of DRUGS, Chymical, Galenical, and Family MEDICINES.—Which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at their *Shop* in *Elliott-Street.*

ORDERS from the Country, punctually and expeditiouſly complied with, and proper Allowances made to Practitioners.

THE ſubſcriber intending to depart the province ſome time in April next, and purpoſing to be gone two or three months, the buſineſs in his abſence will be carried on by his nephew, GEORGE HARRIS, and will be obliged to his friends for the continuance of their cuſtom. He deſires all perſons that have any demands againſt him, to ſend them in to receive payment; and all thoſe that are indebted to him, are requeſted to be ſpeedy in diſcharging the ſame.——He hath to diſpoſe of, two likely ſtrong young NEGRO FELLOWS, that have been between four and five years at the carpenter's buſineſs, and a ſtrong hearty fellow who is a labourer; they will ſuit a country gentleman. Any perſon in want of ſuch, may apply to

JOSEPH VERREE.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

THE FOLLOWING

TRACTS OF LAND,

TWO HUNDRED ACRES, on the eaſt ſide of Broad River, the only ſituation (within many miles) for a Grift-Mill, the country thereabout being very thick ſettled:—It is alſo a healthy ſpot, affording the greateſt variety of agreeable proſpects, and is equally good for Indico, &c.

One hundred and fifty ACRES, on the north ſide of Broad River; butting on land laid out to *John Hunt*, Eſq; equal in quality to any lands thereabout.

Fifty ACRES, within Saxe-Gotha Townſhip, upon a branch called Sandy Run; an exceeding good ſituation for a Mill.

Three hundred and fifty ACRES, between the Congaree and Wateree Rivers; bounded on lands originally granted to *Vincent Simmons*, *William Hart*, *Thomas Howell*, and *George Haig*, not inferior in quality to any land in thoſe parts.

Two hundred ACRES, ſituated on the north ſide of the Congaree River, upon a branch called Cabbin Branch, adjoining to lands at preſent the property of *James Daniel.*

Two hundred and fifty acres of LAND, at the Ridge, upon Cloud's Creek; bounding to the ſouth, on land originally granted to *John Carlin.*

One hundred and fifty acres of LAND, in the Fork between Broad and Saludy Rivers, on the ſouth ſide of Collins's River.

All the above LANDS, were originally the property of *John Pearſon*, Eſq; who was a ſurveyor in this province, and a good judge of land; wherefore it is to be preſumed, he would not take up any but the beſt, or ſituated for ſome particular advantage.

One thouſand ACRES, on the Wateree River, all high river-ſwamp, not inferior to any land in the province; butting and bounding on lands laid out to Col. *Henry Hyrne*, and *Benjamin Elliott*, Eſquire.

Three hundred acres of LAND, in St. Mark's Pariſh, Craven County, moſtly ſwamp; granted to *Robert Knox*, and eſteemed a very valuable Tract.

One hundred acres of LAND, in Craven County; bounded by land of *James Bowman*, originally granted to *Mathew Bowman.*

Five hundred and ſeventy eight ACRES, in St. Bartholomew's Pariſh, on the head of Iſland Creek; bounded by land of Mr. *North*, and Mr. *Dandridge.*

The purchaſers of the above TRACTS, may have twelve months credit, paying intereſt and giving ſecurity. Apply to JOHN WARD,

PETER LEGER.

To be SOLD,

A Valuable Tract of LAND, on COOSAWHATCHIE, adjoining the Lands late of Mr. *Elijah Prioleau*, containing two Thouſand Acres, one Half of which is extraordinary good Swamp, and a great Part of the reſt very rich high Land: the Country thereabouts has lately been very much improved, many conſiderable Settlements being formed, which has much encreaſed the Value of Lands:—A ſufficient Quantity of the high Land is cleared for planting Proviſions and making Settlements, on which Indigo was planted, and the good Quality aſcertained. Enquire of RAWLINS LOWNDES.

To be LET,

A Commodious CHAIR HOUSE, that will receive any Four-Wheel CARRIAGE, oppoſite ROBERT WILLIAMS, Eſq; in Tradd-Street. For Terms, enquire of

TIMOTHY CROSBY.

Who has a few KEGS of excellent SALMON, to ſell very cheap for *Caſh.*

ANDREW LORD,

HAVING Sold all his Stock of DRY GOODS, to Meſſrs. JOHN WOODBURY & PETER LORD, will be much obliged to his former Cuſtomers, to continue their Dealings with thoſe Gentlemen at the ſame STORE.

JOHN WOODBERRY,

AND

PETER LORD,

INFORMS their Friends and the Public in general, that they have entered into Copartnerſhip, under the Firm of

WOODBERRY & LORD,

And that they will be much obliged to the Friends of Mr. ANDREW LORD, for the Continuance of their Favours, as they are determined to ſell cheap, and will be very punctual in executing both Town and Country Orders.

N. B. They have beſt Bridport Canvas, and Engliſh Sail Cloth of all Numbers, to be ſold at Eight and an Half for One, CASH. [t.f.]

ANCRUMS & CHIFFELLE,

Have juſt imported by the CAROLINA, *Captain* LOWLEY *from* LONDON,

A Large aſſortment of worſted, thread, cotton, and ſilk ſtockings; worſted and ſilk breeches patterns; new faſhioned Ranelagh waiſtcoats; and a great variety of ladies ſilk mitts, and gloves: Which, with their late general importations, are ſold upon the moſt reaſonable terms.

*** Beſt LONDON PORTER, in bottles and caſks, to be ſold cheap.

THE ANNIVERSARY MEETING of the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY will be held at the Houſe of Mrs. KATHERINE POINSETT in Charles-Town, on the 21ſt Day of April, Inſtant, being Tueſday in Eaſter Week; where the Members are deſired to attend at 9 o'Clock in the Forenoon.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, Clerk.

At STOTT's *Mancheſter* WARE-HOUSE,

IN BEDON's-ALLEY,

Juſt imported in the FAIR-AMERICAN, *Captain* MINSHALL, *from* LIVERPOOLE,

A General Aſſortment of MANCHESTER GOODS,

Amongſt which are,

VARIETY of Ribbons; coarſe and fine Hatts; printed Cottons; Marſeilles Quilting, &c. &c. to be SOLD on their uſual cheap Terms, for CASH.

To be SOLD, by private Contract,

MY HOUSE and LOT in KING-STREET, being One Hundred Feet in front, and Two Hundred in Depth, with all the Buildings thereon.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to JOHN MARLEY.

SAMUEL WOOD, of Great *Ayliffe-Street*, LONDON, and HUGH ROSE, of COWES, in the Iſle of WIGHT, having entered into Partnerſhip, under the Firm of

WOOD & ROSE,

in clearing of Ships with Rice and other Goods from *America*, at *Cowes* aforeſaid, where they have very commodious Stores and all other Conveniences for carrying on the ſaid Buſineſs; they offer their Services to the GENTLEMEN of CAROLINA, who may depend on their Ability, Diligence, and Attention, to the Intereſt of their Correſpondents.

I ſhall be greatly obliged to ſuch Gentlemen of this Province, as may be pleaſed to conſign Rice-Cargoes for ſhifting and clearing, to Meſſrs. WOOD & ROSE' ſo *Cowes* and do hereby engage for their faithful Diſcharge of any Truſt repoſed in them. ALEXANDER ROSE.

Charles-Town, December 31, 1771.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcriber's Plantation, on St. Helena-Iſland, on the 26th of April laſt, a Negro Fellow, named MAY, this Country born; he is about five feet high, very ſtoutly made, and about Thirty-three Years of Age; he is well known in this Province, particularly at the back Cow-Pens, and ſuppoſed to be harboured at Mr. ABRAHAM WAIGHT's. A Reward of TWENTY POUNDS will be paid on the Delivery of the ſaid Run-away to me, or the Warden of the Work-Houſe in Charles-Town, and all reaſonable Charges. As he is an old Offender, he may not be eaſily taken, therefore I offer ONE HUNDRED POUNDS on the Delivery of his Head to me. If the ſaid Run-away, is harboured by any white Perſon, I offer FORTY POUNDS Reward, and if by a Negro TWENTY POUNDS, upon Conviction of the Offender.

WILLIAM WAIGHT.

STOLEN, out of the plantation of JOHN HUNT, Eſq; at *Godfrey's Savannah*, a bay GELDING, about 13 hands and an half high, ſeven years old, a half moon circle on his forehead, and blaze face, one hind foot white, branded on the near ſhoulder and buttock with M and a flower de luce on the top. Whoever will deliver ſaid Gelding to me at Mr. *John Jackſon's* at Godfrey Savannah, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS currency reward, for his trouble.

February 1ſt, 1772. BENJAMIN WILLPLY.

RUN AWAY from the Plantation of the late CHARLES LOWNDES, Eſq; near *Ferguſon's* Ferry, in *February* laſt, a Negro Woman, named AMEY, this Country born, pretty black, very ſenſible, and has a numerous Acquaintance thereabouts, and at *Gooſe-Creek*, where ſhe was bred:—She is about Thirty Years of Age, has been ſeen in Charles-Town, ſelling Things about the Streets, pretending to be a free Woman: TWENTY POUNDS Reward, will be given for apprehending her, and the utmoſt Rigour of the Law exerted in proſecuting thoſe, who harbour her, by

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

TO BE SOLD, at PRIVATE SALE,

A PLANTATION at STONO, in *St. Paul's* Pariſh, within Eighteen Miles of Charles-Town, containing about One Thouſand three Hundred and Fifty Acres, divided into two complete and valuable TRACTS, bounding to the Eaſt on the Weſt Branch of *Stono* River, to the South on Land of Mr. Archibald Stanyarne, to the Weſt on Land of Mr. James Stanyarne, to the North on Lands of the ſaid James Stanyarne, Mr. Robert Rowand, and Charles Elliott, Eſq.—Both the Swamp and High Land are of the beſt Quality, equal to any and ſuperior to moſt in that Pariſh, being contiguous to the River.—The low Grounds may be drained, planted, and kept dry, when all others higher up the Swamp are overflowed.—The uncleared Swamp is well-ſtocked with excellent Cypreſs.—On one of the Tracts is a good Landing, that admits Boats of large Burthen within Half a Mile of the Barn and Rice Fields.—There are on ſaid Tract, a new Rice Machine, all neceſſary Buildings, and a conſiderable Quantity of Swamp and High Land in proper Order for planting this Seaſon.

Credit on Intereſt will be given, for any reaſonable Number of Years. Perſons deſirous to know further Particulars relative to the ſaid Land, or purchaſe both or either of the above Tracts, or Part of the above Plantation, divided in any other Manner, may apply to

JOHN RUTLEDGE.

TO BE SOLD by the ſubſcriber, at PRIVATE SALE,

THE valuable tract of LAND on *Great Pedee* River, whereon he now lives; containing one thouſand and ninety acres, of which one hundred and ſeventy is cleared, and under fences, with good new buildings thereon, and eſteemed the beſt tract on the ſaid River.

ALSO, Twenty other tracts of LAND, part in North-Caroſina, and part in this province, moſtly very good for the culture of Corn, Indico, Hemp, or Tobacco, and lying in a healthy part of the country. Any honeſt perſon may have one or two years credit, for any of the ſaid Lands, giving ſecurity if required, on receiving the titles; and may know the price of each tract, by applying in *Charles-Town*, to WILLIAM ANCRUM and AARON LOCOCK, or on the premiſes, to

THOMAS WADE.